THE DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE.

By M. C. GALLAWAY & Co. MEMPHIS, THURSDAY, APRIL 30, 1868. (Volume Eleven—Number 95.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Avalanche Office, Avalanche Building, 22 Jefferson street.

Avalanche Job Office, Avalanche Building, 22 Jefferson street.

Allison Brothers, hardware, 170 Front street.

Andrews, W. H., grocery and commission merchant, 336 Front street.

Anderson & Gay, grocery and commission merchants, 338 Front street.

Amos, Beattie & Jones, furniture dealers, 400 Main street.

Brewster & Belcher, attorneys at law, Irving Block, Second street.

Bobbie, Hugg & Co., ice dealers, 264 Main street.

Bourne & Co., James T., steamboat agents, 12 Jefferson street.

Brown & Jones, coal dealers, 327 Second street.

Cameron & Co., J. A., Finley Church Dealer, 325 Main street.

Case, C. N., Jr. & Co., dealers in saddles, bridles and harness, 197 Main street.

Clark & Drury, commission merchants, 374 Front street.

Cochrane, W. E. and J. W., lumber merchants, foot of Washington street.

Crook, G. W. L., insurance agent, 279 Main street.

Clarke & Co., S. M., insurance agents, 14 Madison street.

Cleaves & Co., C. C., booksellers and stationers, 312 Second street.

Carolina Insurance Company, of Memphis, Tenn., office 291 Main street.

Craig & Co., R. G., seed store, 279 Main street, 18 the Jackson Block.

Capps & Co., M. C., general auctioneers, 324 Second street.

Cause et Court Room, Wm Smith, Judge; in Grenlaw Opera House, 350 Second street, 11 tird floor.

County Court, Thomas Leonard, Judge; corner Union and Second streets.

Criminal Court Room Wm. Munter, Judge; in Grenlaw Opera House, 2 Percell street, third floor.

Common Law Court, G. D. Pierce, Judge; in Grenlaw Opera House, 350 Second street, second floor.

Circuit Court, George Reeves, Judge; corner Union and Second streets.

Christian Advocate, Avalanche Building, 22 Jefferson street.

Dun & Co., R. G., Mercantile Agency, S. B. Wright, Manager, corner Main and Madison streets.

Dickinson, Williams & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 316 Front street.

Desoto Insurance and Trust Company, 42 Madison street.

Dell, W. L., attorney at law, 306 Main street.

Denie, John A., dealer in corn, oats, hay, etc, 41 South Court street.

Dalton & Price, book and job printers, 9 Jefferson street.

Evans, D. H., wholesale liquors, 301 Front street.

Eddins, H. E., lumber dealer, opposite Gas Works.

Finley Church Dasher, 325 Main street.

Flannery, Joseph, plumber and gas pipe fitter, 70 Jefferson street.

Gilberti & Walsh, undertakers, 317 Second street.

Finley & Keller, attorneys at law, 47 Madison street.

Forster, Goalhofer & Co., grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 326 Main street.

Goodall House, 61 Jefferson street.

Galloway & Co., M. C., proprietors Avalanche, 12 Jefferson street.

Haynes, Stockton & Hart, attorneys at law, 47 Madison street.

Heiskell, Scott & Heiskell, attorneys at law, 45 Madison street.

Hernando Insurance Company, No. 17 Madison street.

Harestad, Larry, Steamboat Agent, corner Main and Adams streets.

Hampton & Chambers, attorneys at law 42 Madison street.

Hunter Mrs M. C., millinery and dress making, 267 Main street.

Harris, Eller & Phelan, attorneys at law, 43 Monroe street.

Hays Coal Company, coal dealers, 267 Main street.

Jones Edward C., architect, 279 Main street.

Ireland, Fellis & Co., commission merchants and agents for Nashua Plant, 332 Front street.

Keary & Porter, real estate brokers and general agents, No. 2, 4th Williams Block, corner of Madison and Second.

Keller, Dr. J. H., office 21 Jefferson street, Avalanche Editorial Rooms. Residence at General Hospital.

Knickerbocker Insurance Company, 14 Madison street.

Lehner House, corner Washington and Second streets.

Levett & Co., Joseph S., boot and shoe dealers, corner of Main and Union streets.

Lowenstein & Brothers, S., wholesale and retail dry goods 282 Main street.

Lane & Nielsen, plumbers and steam pipe fitters, 204 Main street.

Lowenstine & Brother, J. H., dry goods, Grey Building, 261 Main street.

Levy & Co., A. S., auctioneers, 327 second street.

Linkhauer & Brother, agents, boot and shoemakers, 281 Second street.

Levy and Hitler, general steamboat agents and forwarders, Madison street.

Memphis City Savings Institution, corner Jefferson and Front streets.

Municipal Court Room, George W. Waldran, Judge; corner Union and Second streets, County Court House

Memphis and Charleston Railroad. Ticket office, Bethel Block, southeast corner Court and Main streets.

Merchants' National Bank, No. 5 Jefferson street.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad, office No. 237 Main street.

McKee & Walker, attorneys at law, Bethel Block.

Merchants' National Bank, 8 Jefferson street.

Moody & Co., John K., grocery and produce, 266 Front street.

Mercantile Agency of R. G. Dun & Co., S. B. Wright, Manager, corner Main and Madison streets.

Moon & Geoghegan, dealers in agricultural implements, 20, 22 Front street.

Murray & Ridgely, merchant tailor No. 311 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn.

Meilbben & Bro., liquor dealers, 281 Main street.

McMahon & Otis, insurance Agents, corner Madison and Second streets

Montgomery & Co, J. E., Steamboat Agents, foot of Jefferson street.

Monken Brothers, staple and fancy dry goods, 265 Main street

Memphis and Louisville Railroad, office 237½ Main street.

Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company, Fleas Callender, superintendent.

New Memphis Theater, W. C. Thompson, manager, Jefferson street, below Third.

Norton, J. T., attorney at law, Lee Block, 15 Union street.

Power & McCoy, merchant tailors, 258 Second street.

Packer, H. B., coal dealer, 223 Main street.

Powell & Co., F., advertising agents, 51 Union street.

Pettibone & Co., Lessrs., dealers in books and stationery, 317½ Main street.

Perine, M. millinery and dress making, 327½ Main street.

Passmore & Co., W. H., General Auctioneers, Vincent Block, Second street.

Postoffice, corner of Third and Jefferson streets, H. C. Gist, Postmaster.

Price & Treadwell, wholesale grocers, Lee Block, Union street.

Robeson, Speed & Co., fashionable clothiers, 261 Main street.

Randolph, S. W., attorney at law, corner Monroe and Second streets.

Royster, Trezevant & Co., Auctioneers and Real Estate Brokers, Ayres Block, Second street.

Southern Farmer, office 37 Court street.

Sturdivant & Co, C. W., grocery and commission merchants, 181 Front street.

Smith Weaver's Freight and Cotton Press Company, 34 Madison street.

Stoddard & Co, A. S., auctioneers, 320 Second street.

Scruggs, P. T. and E. H., attorneys at law, 53 Union street.

St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company, McMahon & Otis, agents; office, 41 Madison street.

Smith & Leech, wholesale liquor dealers, 242 Second street.

Seymour & Co., H. J., importers and dealers in liquors, 324 Front street.

Swarwick & Co., W. T., lumber dealers, foot of Adams street.

Smith, Owen, undertaker, 305 northeast corner Gayoso and Second streets.

Telegraph Office, 27 South Court street.

Terry & Mitchell, wholesale boots and shoes, 320 Main street.

Tilton & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 10 Jefferson street.

United States Insurance Company, 229 Main street.

United States Court, C. F. Trigg, Judge; No. 64 Main street, third floor.

Vinsen & Donohue, steamboat agents, 254 Front street, up stairs.

Varnedoe Theater, corner Washington and Main streets.

Ward & Co, E. D., seed dealers, 233 Main street.

Walk & Co, S., steamboat agents, 260 Front street.

Wright & Mott (Isaiah), attorneys at law, 214 Williams Block, corner Madison and Second streets.

Wagner & Cain, attorneys at law, Library Building, Third street, near Jefferson.

Zweifel, Dom. lager beer depot, 243 Adams street.

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

The White Man's Platform.

Lincoln thus defined the position made on the white basis by white men, for the benefit of white men and their posterity forever, and which he maintained by white men, and none others. I do not believe that the Almighty made the negro capable of self government.—Gen. A. J. Donelson.

Hear President LINCOLN in reply:

"I AM NOT, NOR EVER HAVE BEEN, IN FAVOR OF MAKING VOTERS OR JURORS OF NEGROES, nor of qualifying them to hold office, nor intermarrying with white people, and I will say, in addition to this, that there is a PHYSICAL DIFFERENCE between the white and black races which, I believe, will forever forbid the two races living together on terms of social and political equality—and, inasmuch as there can not be this equality, there must be an inferior, and as much as any other man, am in favor of having the SUPERIOR POSITION ASSIGNED TO THE WHITE RACE.

Two years before the death of DANIEL WEBSTER he said:

"IF THESE IMPERTINENT *Fanatics* and *Abolitionists* ever get the power into their own hands, they will override the Constitution of the United States at pleasure, and make for themselves, by violent bonds, as those who differ with them in opinion, a yoke of bondage, debility and finally, bankrupt the country and deluge it with blood."

On September 2, 1843, twenty-five years ago, HENRY CLAY said:

The agitation of the question in the free States will first destroy all harmony, and finally lead to dissolution—perhaps to the subjection of the Africans race to ultimate military despotism.

But the great aim and object of your trust should be to arrest the *faltering* course of the free States against Abolition. Depict the consequences to them of immediate emancipation. The negroes being free, would be distributed throughout the Union, they would enter into competition with the free labors with the American, the Irish, the German; reduce his wages, be confronted with him, and defeat his moral and social standing. And as the ultras go on for the Abolition and amalgamation, show that their object is to unite in marriage the lordly ring white man and the laboring black woman, to reduce the white laboring man to the degraded and degrading condition of the black.

Would these their opposition to Colonization. Show its humane, religious and patriotic aim. That they are to separate those whom God had separated. Why do the Abolitionists oppose Colonization? To keep and amalgamate together the two races, in violation of God's will, and to keep the blacks here that they may interfere with, degrade and debase the laboring white. Show that the Abolition Government is co-operating with the Abolitionists, for the purpose of destroying the Union, &c. You can make a powerful article, that will be felt, in every extremity of the Union, and perfectly satisfied it will do great good. Let me hear from you on this subject.

An association of women in Paris consists of ladies pledged not to wear, and modistes not to make, low-necked dresses.

Charles Dicken's expenses in America were $50,000, and his net profit $100,000 in gold. He carried off three large packing cases full of all sorts of presents.

A Nashville firm offers fifty cents a pound and a silver goblet worth twenty-five dollars for the *last* bale of cotton that reaches that city this season from Giles county.

The Hartford Grammar School is the oldest in Connecticut, having been endowed in 1655. New Haven's, endowed in 1660, ranks next in age.

Louisville was located in 1773, by Captain Thomas Bullitt, who led the first exploring party. Captain Bullitt laid out the town on its present site, but died without making a permanent settlement.

The "baby woman," who has created such an interest in Louisville and Cincinnati this spring, is going to Europe during the summer, provided she don't become an old gray-headed grandmother before she gets off.

Last week, in Edgefield, Tennessee, a family lost their cook-stove and dinner by using fuel surreptitiously obtained at a neighboring lumberyard. They got one faggot which had about fifteen cents worth of powder stowed away in it.

Down in Mississippi at a colored Sabbath school, a few weeks ago, the devout teacher asked the question, "Who died for you?" After a spell of silence and a spell of whispering, a "little nig" about forty years old replied, "Abrum Linkum."

There are 2,125 Free Masons in St. Louis. The origin of the order in that city dates back only to the 8th of October, 1816, when Missouri Lodge No. 1, received a charter from the Grand Lodge of Tennessee, having had an organization by dispensation about a year previous.

Judge L. D. Burwell, manager of elections—a gentleman—was removed from his position at Rome, Georgia, during the election, and a man put in his place who stands indicted for hog stealing. He is a fair representative of the Radical party in Georgia, for nine-tenths of them make their living by stealing hogs, and what they can lay their hands on.

Patrick Lewis, private, Company B, 19th United States Infantry, stationed at Batesville, Arkansas, was drowned on the evening of the 14th instant, while attempting to cross Polk bayou in a flat boat. The night was very dark, and he unconsciously stepped off the end of the boat. Every possible effort has been made to recover the body, but without success.

Among the scallawags from the South who will be dead-headed and free-lunched at the Chicago cigar stump convention will be several negroes, among others, J. H. Harris, of North Carolina; Lynch, of Mississippi; Gray, of Arkansas; Dumas, of Louisiana; Cordoza, Randolph, and Delargé, of South Carolina; Berry, of Alabama; Saunders, of Florida, and Turner and Costin, of Georgia.

The Columbia (Tennessee) *Herald*, of the 26th, says a negro woman hung herself Wednesday night in the neighborhood of Carter's Creek. It appears that during the day the woman had whipped a white child unmercifully, almost extinguishing its life, and was detected in the act by the mother of the child. It is thought that mingled remorse and fear prompted her to go out into the woods and hang herself to a tree.

Funeral of Mrs. Prentice.

From the Louisville Courier, 28th.]

The funeral of Mrs. Harriet Benham Prentice yesterday was one of the most imposing that has ever taken place in our city. At three o'clock p.m. the people, embracing all classes, assembled at Christ Church to witness the ceremony. When the procession commenced moving, the bell of the church was tolled at intervals until the remains tarried at the door of the edifice. The following gentlemen officiated as pall-bearers: General Preston, Colonel Hancock, Isham Henderson, A. J. Ballard, Mr. Trabue, Ben. Cassiday, John Churchill, and Dr. D. W. Yandell.

As the remains were borne down the aisle of the church, the choir gave the beautiful funeral chant: "Lord, let me know my end and the number of my days."

The services were conducted by Revs. Messrs. Craik and Shipman. The latter divine read a chapter from 1st Corinthians, after which the choir sang the 20ist hymn, commencing

"Who are these in bright array?"

After prayer by Rev. Mr. Craik, the beautiful hymn from Haydn's "Creation" was sweetly rendered by Mrs. Peters, commencing

"Angels ever bright and fair."

The ceremony at the church was closed with the funeral anthem, "I Heard a Voice from Heaven." During the service all present appeared deeply affected, and tear-drops glistened in the eyes of many who had, in years gone by, heard the sweet voice of the beloved one whose form lay before them in the cold embrace of death, in that same choir.

The cortage moved slowly to Cave Hill Cemetery, where the last sad rites were performed, after which the remains of this dearly loved lady were placed in the family vault beside her first-born, Courtland Prentice. Her memory will ever be green in the hearts of all who knew her in life.

ABYSSINIA.

Complete Victory of the British Over the Native Force.

A Stronghold Taken and Plundered—Full Particulars.

To the Western Associated Press:

BOSHELO RIVER, April 8.—A second reconnoisance to the front toward Magdala was made to-day. The King has twenty-eight guns mounted outside. To-day General Napier has sent him a letter demanding the release of the captives. Our army is concentrating. Scaling ladders and torpedoes have been got ready for an attack upon the fortress.

BEFORE MAGDALA, April 10.—The army has arrived here, six miles from the fortress. The King's camp is on a great hight, in full view of our forces.

MAGDALA, April 14.—The temporary truce ended this morning. The King refused to surrender the prisoners, and General Napier, with the first and second brigades, moved up the hill in front. Scalles surrendered without resistance, and the King retreated into Magdala. He planted five guns at the base of the wall, and when Napier came in sight the King opened upon him with the guns. Napier replied from a twelve-pound Armstrong gun and a seven-pounder, and with rockets. The King abandoned his guns, barricaded the sally ports of the town wall, keeping up a fire of musketry. A bombardment by the British for three hours followed, when General Napier ordered his men to advance, and the town was carried by assault, after a vigorous resistance on the part of the enemy. The King's loss was sixty-eight killed and two hundred wounded. The British loss was fifteen wounded, rank and file.

LONDON, April 26.—Two dispatches from General Napier were received by Sir Stafford Northcalb, the first of which, without date, saying that an engagement took place before Magdala on Good Friday. The King was defeated with heavy losses, while the loss on the other side was fifteen wounded and none killed. During the next two days the King gave up all the European captives and employes, but has not yet surrendered himself, and General Napier has given him twenty-four hours to decide whether he will do so or not. The King's troops are demoralized.

The second dispatch, dated April 14, says: Theodorus' army was disheartened by the severe losses of the 13th. Some of the chiefs surrendered. The most formidable posse of Chilasse and many thousand men laid down their arms. The king retired into Magdala with those who remained faithful. Magdala was taken by assault on the 13th, under cover of the Armstrong steel, the eight inch mortars and rockets. The ancient gates of the fortress were most formidable. King Theodorus was killed while defending the place to the last.

Our loss is small. The army will return to-morrow.

LONDON, April 26—P. M.—Still later advices from Abyssinia, dated at Zorela, on the 18th of April, have been received here. The very latest reports had at that point from the scene of the action in Magdala represent that but 1,400 native troops had lain down their arms to Napier, and that Theodorus had 300 soldiers killed and 1,500 wounded in the late engagement.

Advices from Napier's headquarters in Magdala, without date, are also to hand. They state that the Europeans lately held in captivity there—numbering sixty souls—including men, women and children, were already on the route to Zorela for home, and that the entire force of Theodorus' army had been either killed, wounded or captured. General Napier takes by his victory the twenty-eight large guns just used against him, 5,000 stands of small arms, 10,000 shields, such as are used in battle in open field by the Abyssinians, 10,000 spears, and many other articles of war equipment.

After the works were taken, King Theodorus was found dead by English soldiers, on entering the corner of his stronghold. He was shot through the head. Some persons say he was killed during one of the battles; others incline to the opinion he committed suicide when he found the fortunes of the day were against him. The King's body was recognized among the killed and wounded by the British captives when released. Theodorus' two sons were taken prisoners. The interior of the fortress of Magdala presented a splendid sight, the place glowing with barbaric splendor. The British troops plundered it at once. They found four royal crowns, made of solid gold, $20,000 in silver, 1,000 silver plates, several lots of rich jewels, and other articles of great value.

Washington Intelligence.

Special Telegraphic Correspondence of the Louisville Courier.]

WASHINGTON, April 27.

The court this morning rejected two amendments to Mr. Edmunds' proposition to admit official reporters to the secret deliberations of the court, and it, with the rules offered by Mr. Sumner, were postponed.

Stevens then addressed the court, but his voice was inaudible to half the court and to all in the galleries. After speaking some minutes his voice failed entirely, and Butler read the concluding portions. Stevens held that a violation of the tenure-of-office bill by the terms of that act was a misdemeanor, and disclaimed the necessity of proving the unlawful intent of the respondent, and that the managers acted unwisely in making such averment. It was enough that his official acts were a violation of law. He charged on the President that contradiction of himself, and added: "He ought to have a better conscience or better memory." This from old Thad. Stevens sounded like Satan rebuking sin. Stevens referred to the President as an offspring of assassination, who was defying the Senate which had rebuked him. Stevens' harrangue did not rise to the dignity of an argument, and what he lacked in logic he made up in bitterness.

Judge Williams followed in a dull and prosy speech, which soon emptied the galleries.

The impeachers are losing ground, and even bets are made to-day on the President's acquittal.

A letter will be made public to-morrow from Judge Black, concerning his withdrawal as counsel for the President. His strictures are very severe.

It appears that Butler, Bingham and other Managers indorsed the Alta Villa document to the President at the entreaties of Colonel Shaffer and General Hovey, of Illinois, Radicals who were interested in the case, and not for any sinister purpose, as charged by Johnson's friends, and Judge Nelson, his counsel. Thad. Stevens indorsed it, remarking at the time he would sign any document Judge Black said was all right.

Frank Blair, of Missouri, is looming up as candidate of the National Democracy for the Presidency. The volunteer soldiers *versus* West Point is the cry of his friends.

Prominent Radicals assert that both Wade and Colfax will be rejected by the Chicago Convention for the Vice Presidency, and the chances are decidedly favorable to Hannibal Hamlin, and that it is due him, as he should have been nominated for re-election with Lincoln.

The whites are registering freely, and claim that this will defeat the negro-shriekers in the next municipal election.

The Constitution in North Carolina is carried, beyond a doubt.

Lumber! Lumber!

QUILL assortment of Building and Finishing Lumber, Flooring, Ceiling, Siding, Shingles, Lath, Pickets, Posts, Doors, Sash and Blinds. All very low for Cash. Under Sales, from twenty-five to fifty cents each.

H. R. & J. W. COCHRAN,
Foot of Washington street.

2,500 Sacks Corn and 500 Sacks Oats

For sale Low to the Trade.

DENIE & CO.,
41 South Side Court Square.

GIFT ENTERPRISE.

THE PASCHALL HOUSE

ASSOCIATION

OF ST. LOUIS, MO.

$500,000 IN PRIZES

Number of Prizes, Five Hundred

Price of Certificates, $5 Each

Splendid Fortunes for Somebody

Awarding of Prizes on June 1, '68

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The PASCHALL HOUSE corner of Fifth and Walnut streets, St. Louis. Main Lot 87 feet front by 137 deep, has four stories, sixty fine rooms; also, five elegant stores. These, together with the Hotel, are bringing a rent of $9,000 per annum. This magnificent house, with furniture complete, is

VALUED AT.....$290,000

SECOND PRIZE.

An elegant Three Story Double Brick Residence, with three and a half acres of ground. In the city of Memphis, Tennessee, one mile from Court Square. House splendidly finished, with all modern improvements. Grounds finely laid out with shrubbery, etc. Fine stables outbuildings, etc.; all in complete order, and

VALUED AT.....$60,000

THIRD PRIZE.

A handsome Three Story Brick Residence, No. 1815 Chestnut street, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets, St. Louis, Missouri, containing twelve rooms, elegantly finished throughout, with all modern improvements complete; Lot 21½ by 100½ feet deep.

VALUED AT.....$18,000

FOURTH PRIZE.

The fine Mansion of the late Judge R. W. Wells, Jefferson City, Missouri. Two Story Brick and Frame, fifteen elegant rooms, and finished throughout with all modern improvements; Lot 136 feet front on High street by 200 feet deep. Grounds finely laid out, terraced, flower beds, etc.

VALUED AT.....$18,000

IX MORE PRIZES.

Consisting of Fine Brick Residences in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, situated: No. 728 South Eighth street, 726 south Eighth street, 1417 Morgan street, 1412 Morgan street, 714 and 716 Choteau avenue.

VALUED AT.....$79,000

250 PRIZES

From the firm of BOOGHER BROTHERS, Watchmakers and Jewelers, No. 105 South Fifth street, under the Southern Hotel, Where samples of the goods may be seen, consisting of one elegant Solid silver service, worth $1,200; Solid silver Coblets, Plated Tea Sets, Ladies' and Gent ments; Gold Watches, French Mantel Clocks, Fancy silver pieces, Fine Jewelry, etc.

ALL VALUED AT.....$15,000

120 PRIZES

In Fine Sewing Machines, of various patterns, ranging in price from $45 to $150, of the best manufacture, and

VALUED AT.....$10,000

100 PRIZES IN CASH.

$100 EACH.....$10,000

20 PRIZES OF FINE PIANOS

From the St. Louis Piano Manufactory, ranging in price from $250 to $600 each. Samples can be seen at the rooms of the Company, corner of Fifth and Walnut streets, under the Paschall House.

VALUED AT.....$10,000

MAKING IN ALL

500 SPLENDID PRIZES

Ranging from $40 to $20,000 each, and

VALUED AT $500,000.

FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS

Will be Donated to the Orphans of St. Louis, Mo

DETAILS OF THE DRAWING.

A suitable Committee of Responsible Gentlemen will be selected to conduct the drawing and awarding of the prizes, on the day appointed, at MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL, on the following plan:

One hundred thousand numbers, representing the Certificates issued, will be placed in one wheel, and five hundred blanks (ascribed with the names of the prizes, to wit: "Paschal House," etc.), will be placed in another. From these wheels a number and a prize will be drawn at the same time and the number drawn will take the prize drawn with it.

The prizes will be ready for delivery upon the result of the award being known, and the persons by whom the ten real estate prizes are drawn, will receive deeds to the same, with title clear and unencumbered.

All money received upon the sale of these Certificates will be placed in responsible banking houses of St. Louis, Missouri, where it will remain, to the credit of the Association, until after the drawing takes place.

References given by Permission

Ayil, Pollard & Reiley, Bankers, St Louis.
Daniel G. Taylor, ex-Mayor of St. Louis.
Butchers' and Drovers' Bank, St. Louis.
Peoples' savings Association.
Edward S. Plummer, Memphis, Tennessee.
Boatmen's Saving Institute, St. Louis, Mo.
John H. Andrews, ex Sheriff of St. Louis county, Mo.
Lavielle, Wafter & Co., proprietors Southern Hotel, St. Louis, Mo.
Jules Valle, of the firm of Chouteau, Harrison & Valle.
Erastus Wells, President Accommodation Bank, St. Louis.
Honorable William Tansey.
Ubsdell, Mayor.
A. Krbechmer, President City Council.
Joseph Dagendorf, City Controller.
G. W. Dreyer.

No person will be authorized to sell Certificates for the Association, or be recognized as an agent, unless holding a certificate to that effect from the Manager of the Association.

NOTICE.

Persons ordering Certificates by mail can send greenbacks to the amount of ten Dollars in registered letters, and postoffice or other drafts, payable to our order, for larger amounts, at our risk, with address of town, county and State carefully written.

Certificates may be had at the office of the Manager, 64 Washington street, and of the following agents: Alex. Kelsey, proprietor of the Paschall House; John King, 111 North Fourth street; Planters' (Globe Saloon) Boogher Brothers, jewelers, 105 South Fifth street, under the Southern Hotel; S. McCabe, Cigar Store, corner Fourth and Walnut streets; Torrey's Bookstore, 19 North Fourth street, opposite Monroe House; W. E. Tilbeck, Photographic Rooms, 17 North Fourth street; R. D. Adams, Southern Hotel saloon; J. J. Cook, Commercial Hotel; Southern Hotel; Overton House; Read St. Nicholas Hotel; G. B. Winne, Rochester, 65 Washington street.

All orders for Certificates and communications should be addressed to

PHILIP S. LANHAM, Manager,

No. 410 Walnut Street,

Under Southern Hotel, St. Louis, Missouri.

J. A. COPELAND, Secretary.

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R. R. PLUMMER,

mhl6 No. 213 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

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AVALANCHE JOB OFFICE!

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WE ARE PREPARED TO EXECUTE

ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK

IN THE NEATEST MANNER AND

AT LOW RATES

DISPATCH, NEATNESS, CHEAPNESS

BILLS LADING,
STEAMBOAT BILLS,
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BILL HEADS,
LETTER HEADS,
DRAY RECEIPTS.

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22 JEFFERSON STREET.

Business Cards,
Show Cards,
Circulars,
Visiting Cards,
Wedding Cards,
Ball Tickets,
Bank Checks,
Drug Labels,
Receipts.

STEAMBOAT PRINTING

RAILROAD PRINTING

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BLANK BOOKS OF EVERY KIND

MADE TO ORDER.

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Criminal Court Blank Books
Circuit Court Blank Books,
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AND

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Wedding Cards,
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Business Cards,
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THE NATIONAL

TELEGRAPH COMPANY

A NEW enterprise, to be known as the National Telegraph Company, has been organized with valuable franchises conferred by a recent act of Congress for the purpose of establishing Trunk Lines of Telegraph to all the principal railway and mail routes in the United States. The stock is to be issued upon the same principle as that of the Merchant's Union Express Company, which recently commenced operations. The design is to interest the entire business community. In the enterprise. This is done, not so much to dispose of the stock as it is to secure the business of the country which the lines pass.

THE CAPITAL IS TO BE

$10,000,000

In 100,000 shares of the par value of

$100 PER SHARE

But the actual amount to be paid in cash is

$35 PER SHARE

and this amount is to be paid as follows: One per cent. of the par at the time of subscribing, and no more until the entire capital has been subscribed, and then on calls to be made by the Board of Directors: Instalments not to exceed five per cent. per month. When thirty-five per cent of the par value of the shares has been paid, certificates of stock will be issued. This will give the Company a paid up

CASH CAPITAL OF $3,500,000

Which will be sufficient to duplicate lines to all or nearly all the paying points reached by the present monopoly.

The present Telegraph Companies throughout the country have been consolidated into one huge monopoly, and are now earning over SIX MILLIONS OF DOLLARS per year, or over one hundred per cent. on the actual cost of their lines (but present capital having been watered over ONE THOUSAND per cent.

THE NATIONAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY have a recognition from the United States Government of the importance of their enterprise, with a grant of the most valuable franchises ever conferred upon a telegraph company. No competing line has ever had the right now granted by Congress to this company to construct and operate lines over every RAILROAD and MAIL ROUTE in the United States. The position of this Company is very different from that of any company ever before organized. The question of the RIGHT OF WAY IS FOREVER SETTLED.

The Stockholders of this Company cannot be sold out or TRANSFERRED to any other Company. The act of Congress under which this Company has been organized prohibits any transfer of the franchise granted.

CALLS—HOW TO BE MADE

One per cent of the Stock will be required on subscribing and subsequent calls, not to exceed five per cent per month, will be made by the Board of Directors, from time to time, as may be necessary, to supply funds to construct and equip the lines; but no calls will be made after the one per cent. is paid, until the entire Capital Stock shall have been subscribed.

ACTUAL CAPITAL REQUIRED

The Company confidently believe that thirty-five per cent of the Capital Stock will cover the entire cost.

25,000 Miles of Wire

Which will connect all the commercial centers and important places in the United States. This opinion rests upon the most reliable estimates and responsible offers to construct and equip the lines.

THE NATIONAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY is organized under the laws of the state of New York, and franchises conferred by an act of Congress, approved July 24, 1866.

President—GEORGE B. SENTER, of Cleveland, Ohio.

Vice President—ROBERT SQUIRES, of New York City.

Secretary—GEORGE B. WALLER, of New York City.

COMPANY'S OFFICE,

Nos. 64 and 66 Broadway, New York

A limited amount of the capital stock of this Company is allotted to this locality, and those having an opportunity, and subscribing, will be placed upon equal terms with its corporators, and will secure like interests in all franchises which have accrued, or may hereafter accrue to the Company from any and all sources.

Stock may now be subscribed in this Company at the Office of THE MERCANTILE AGENCY, R. G. DUN & CO., Room No. 5, Commercial Bank Building, corner Main and Madison streets, Memphis, Tenn.

S. B. WRIGHT,
General Agent for Memphis and Vicinity.

mh5

Carpets and Furniture!

BEING about to make a change in our firm on account of the death of Mr. C. C. JONES, we offer our stock of FURNITURE and CARPETS

FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

And purchasers will consult their interest by calling at our store.

396 Main Street, 396

Before purchasing elsewhere.

AMES, BEATTIE & JONES.

apr2

REAL ESTATE.

O. C. KENNY, Civil Engineer and Surveyor. J. B. PORTER

KENNY & PORTER,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS

AND GENERAL AGENTS.

HAVING permanently established our office in No. 2, 4th Williams Block, corner Madison and Second streets, we are prepared to attend to the purchase and sale of Real Estate, the collection of rents, the negotiation of loans, the payment of taxes, and all business connected with the Real Estate interest. We will also keep for sale a general assortment of Groceries, which we will sell at wholesale or retail, at the lowest market prices. Orders solicited, and satisfaction guaranteed. We will also receive subscriptions to such a literary paper as may be selected by a majority of the subscribers.

KENNY & PORTER.

COTTON AND COMMISSION

BRINKLEY BAYLISS, Memphis, Tenn. ROBERT T. SAUNDERS Memphis, Tenn.

JOHN EVERITT, London, England.

BAYLISS, EVERITT & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND

GENERAL AGENTS,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

EVERITT, LUCAS & CO.,

AGENTS,

All Hallows Chambers, Lombard Street,

LONDON, ENGLAND.

WE are prepared to purchase, on orders, all commodities, both in Europe and America, and to make liberal advances on consignments of produce shipped to any market in Europe, including Cotton, Tobacco, etc.

Our object is to bring about Direct Trade, and hope the people will favor us in every possible way in this important enterprise.

apr16w

E. O. HURD,

COTTON COMMISSION MERCHANT

No. 191 Sycamore St., and 24 Hammond St.,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Liberal Advances made on Consignments. Orders solicited. apr12

ANDERSON & GAY,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

338 Front Street, Corner Union,

HAVE on Consignments: 1,000 bales Hay, 1,000 sacks oats, 1,000 barrels Cape Lime, 10 bags Pipe Pens, 500 sacks Corn.

Sole Agents for Crescent City Roofing Paper. mh30

D. A. CLARKE, Memphis, Tenn. J. B. DRURY, Late of Carimell & Drury, Memphis.

CLARKE & DRURY,

(Successors to Carimell & Drury.)

Commission Merchants

For the sale of

Pork, Bacon, Lard, Flour, Meal, Bran, Oats, Hay, Corn, Whisky

And Western Produce Generally,

300 Front st., bet. Washington and Adams.

apl MEMPHIS, TENN.

W. H. ANDREWS,

Removed to No. 380 Front Street, Two Doors Above Old Stand.

GENERAL GROCERY & COMMISSION

MERCHANT,

ESPECIAL attention to consignments of all kinds. Large stock of Plantation Supplies always on hand at lowest prices. Terms strictly cash. mh29

THOS. T. KIRTLAND, Memphis, Tenn. HARRY HEDDEN, W. J. POLLARD, Georgia. Alabama.

KIRTLAND, POLLARD & CO.,

WESTERN PRODUCE

AND

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

252 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

Also, Agents for the Sales of Mississippi and Tennessee Plantation Bagging and Rope.

AGENTS WANTED

In every County and Town in the above States. mh29

H. FITZGERALD, Gallatin. C. C. BILL, Memphis. JOHN T. JEFFERSON Memphis

H. FITZGERALD & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF

Cotton Yarns, Sheeting and Osnaburgs, Dupont's Gunpowder and Printing Paper,

374 Front Street. MEMPHIS

C. W. PRICE, Late of Eastport, Miss. A. S. TREADWELL, Memphis Tenn.

PRICE & TREADWELL,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

No. 15 Union Street, Lee Block.

Between Main and Front streets. MEMPHIS, TENN.

J. W. DICKINSON, Formerly Reid & Dickinson. DR. R. F. DICKINSON Late Surgeon U. S. A.

W. W. WILLIAMS, Madison county, Tennessee.

DICKINSON, WILLIAMS & CO.,

Cotton Factors, General Commission

AND PRODUCE MERCHANTS,

No. 310 Front Street, Memphis, Tennessee

Liberal Advances made on Consignments. We have a warehouse of our own in which we will handle all Cotton consigned to us, and we guarantee there shall be no unnecessary loss in weight. A THIRD WE HAVE HAD TO SUBMIT TO HERETOFORE. Bagging and Rope furnished our customers.

Usual commissions charged. All consignments by river to us, unless otherwise instructed. feb18

C. W. STURDIVANT, P. G. LAWRENCE, J. A. NEVILS

C. W. STURDIVANT & CO.,

GROCERY AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

No. 182 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

mh11

BARKER & CO.,

Auction and Commission

MERCHANTS,

Real Estate & Collecting Agents,

Aberdeen, Miss.

Consignments Solicited.

BARKER & CO.

mh16

ELLIS ENGRAVER STENCIL CUTTER MAIN ST MEMPHIS TENN

CHEAP SADDLERY HOUSE

Saddles, Bridles, Harness, Whips, Collars, Leather and Saddlery Hardware.

C. E. CASE, Sr., & Co.,

No. 197 Main Street, Sign of the Golden Horse. W

Advertisements in this column will be charged ten cents per line for each insertion.

WANTS.

WANTED—By a respectable white woman, a situation to COOK or to do general Housework. Best city reference given. Apply at 191 Linden street. apr30

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A two story FRAME RESIDENCE, with 7 seven rooms, kitchen and servants' room; large back yard good cistern, etc. situated No. 100 Market street. For rent low to a good tenant. Apply at No. 110 Market street, or at Citizens' Union Bank. aprtf.

FOR RENT—A COTTAGE of five rooms, with kitchen servants' room, stable and smoke house attached. No. 96 Union street. Apply to Colonel J. A. FORREST, apr28 42 Adams street.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—Two elegant front rooms, including a suit with first-class board for a family; also, two single rooms, for gentlemen, at No. 104 Court street. A few day boarders wanted. References required. apr28 I. A GREER.

TAKEN UP.

TAKEN UP—Recovered, April 23, 1868, one IRON GRAY HORSE. Apply to Police Commissioner's Office, No. 4½ Madison street. apr28

LOST.

LOST—Near Court Square, a CAMEL'S HAIR RUG, 2½ long by 1 to a child's carriage. The finder will be rewarded by returning it to Mrs. PALLIE SULLIVAN, 267½ Main street, up-stairs. apr30

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Twelve A No. 1 BILLIARD TABLES. Apply to D. B. EVANS. apr30 264 Front street.

SPECIAL NOTICES, ETC.

PURE SODA WATER.—We have obtained, at great expense, one of the finest and most approved GENERATORS ever invented, for the manufacture of Soda Water. It is connected with a stream of pure lake water, and as the process of its manufacture is constantly going on, it is always Fresh, Cool and Pure. Give it a trial.
WARD & LeGUERE, Druggists,
Corner Main and Adams streets,
apr29 Opposite Worsham House.

COUGH—NO CURE NO PAY—FORREST'S JUNIPER TAR is warranted to cure Cough, Croup, Hoarseness, Throat and Lung diseases or the price positively refunded Instantaneous relief produced. Try it. If not satisfied, return the empty bottles and get your money back. D. F. GOODYEAR, 60 second street, Agent. Price 50 cents. mh13

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY AND THE HAPPINESS OF THE MARRIED; an essay for Young Men on the Crime of Solitude, and the Physical Errors, Abuses and Diseases which create Impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. feb4 d&w

THURSDAY, : : : APRIL 30, 1868

CHARITY covers a multitude of sins, and we trust we have enough of that amiable commodity to attribute the Cincinnati *Commercial's* misrepresentations more to ignorance of facts than to a willful desire to falsify our position. We have, on more than a hundred occasions, done justice to the gallantry of the Northern soldiers. But we have said and still say that the conduct of the Radical soldier, whether it be General GRANT or the humblest private, since the war, toward the Southern people, has been brutal, cruel, cowardly and oppressive. The despotism which now curses the South, attests the truth of our assertion. The general conduct of the Radicals towards the South, since the surrender of our armies, has been in violation of a plain and unequivocal agreement, and is therefore a dastardly fraud and a cowardly swindle. "General LEE surrendered on this distinct condition, stipulated between himself and General GRANT. Of course, all the Southern armies, in surrendering, supposed, and had a right to suppose, that they were surrendering on the same conditions. If they had thought or dreamed of the terrible terms now exacted of them and their people, if they had had the slightest conception of the coming white disfranchisement and negro supremacy, they would have fought on desperately and forever. They would have fought all over the Southern ground, organized or unorganized as they best could, and, if they had thought it best, made all sorts of raids across the Ohio. They would have fought as SCHAMYL fought Russia. At any rate they would have died and seen all who were dear to them die rather than endure what Congress is now visiting upon their section." The treatment of the South by the Radicals is as recreant and perfidious as that which SANTA ANNA displayed toward the Goliad prisoners, when, on inducing them to surrender by specious promises, he afterward had them led out like so many dogs and murdered in cold blood. Is it not cowardly to exact of a disarmed people terms so humiliating and disgraceful that they would have been scorned before they were shorn of their arms? If the *Commercial* is so "jealous of the reputations of these great soldiers," it can better preserve them by teaching them how to observe a solemn contract, how to hate tyranny and love liberty, and how to be just and magnanimous toward a fallen foe. The *Commercial's* statement about our position during the war is in keeping with its other facts. It has got other individuals and another paper confounded with ourselves and the AVALANCHE; but we do not attach enough importance to the slander to make the correction. The *Commercial* says we display "intense hatred and malignity for every thing and every body from the North." An arrant falsehood. We have never uttered an unkind word against those men "from the North" who have shown themselves in favor of upholding the Constitution. Common gratitude and common justice has often prompted us to cherish, honor, respect and defend the noble men "from the North" who favor giving to Southern white men the rights of the negro. To the many gentlemen from the North, who have come among us to unite their fortunes with those of our own people, we cannot be too kind. "And they should be taught that we have buried the hates and passions engendered by the late civil war. But we cannot hold in too great contempt, or excommunicate with too much abhorrence, the mere miserable "adventurers" who have invaded the South, eager for our disfranchisement, and who are seeking, either through the aid of military despots or through the agency of the blacks, to seize upon the offices from which they are seeking to exclude our best and most capable citizens." It is evident from the tone of the *Commercial's* article, that the editor thinks the AVALANCHE ought to submit to misrepresentation and humiliation without a murmur. There is no appeasing of fanaticism—silent submission to despotism only invites new aggressions. Oppressions always come when the tyrants feel and see that the victims are timid *effeminate and ready to bend their necks to the yoke. Silent submission always invites fresh outrages. Despotism is aggressive. It encroaches steadily upon the rights and privileges of the weak. Whenever a people become so craven-hearted, so abject and servile, that they fear to complain of their wrongs or to denounce the usurpers, then indeed are they slaves unworthy of liberty, and then, indeed, will despotism have centralized and consolidated its power and achieved the end for which it is laboring. This talk about the "indiscreet" AVALANCHE has long been used by tyrants and their apologists as a pretext for new aggressions, or in justification of past acts of infamy. If the Southern people were to eat dirt every day, paint blue stripes across their bellies, crouch at the feet of the carpet-bag scalawags, and pronounce the whole Northern people Puritans and saints, Radicalism, instead of relenting, would be stimulated, and a new wrench would be given to the thumb-screws. The Southern people feel that the measure of their wrongs and sufferings is full, and men who have heretofore councelled moderation—that kind of toadyism to tyranny which the *Commercial* suggests, are gathering up their strength and preparing to join the noble Democracy of the North, to grapple with the despotism for life or death—for freedom or the grave. We have uttered no sentiment against the integrity of the Union. We have plead for the Union, the Constitution and the laws, for peace, fraternity, equality and justice. Yet because we decline to accept, without complaint or remonstrance, the infamous legislation of a usurping Congress as the perfection of justice and human wisdom, the AVALANCHE is called "indiscreet," turbulent and contumacious! To deprive ten States of their liberties, and then stigmatize those who complain at such usurpation as traitors, is the essence of falsehood and the quintescence of cowardly tyranny. There must be mutual trust and confidence, rather than suspicion and hatred, if we are ever again to be one people. But the *Commercial* knows as well as we know and as everybody knows, that the Radicals do not want a return of peace and harmony. They have prospered by agitation, and hence they are determined to keep agitating, no matter what the people should suffer from such a course. All the evils which have befallen the country are directly chargeable to the wicked designs of reckless politicians, who were bent upon keeping up the strife by any and every means, however desperate. Hence, although the South willingly and loyally subscribed to the original conditions—of recognizing slavery as extinct forever, of renouncing the rebel debt, and of abiding by the changed condition of the country—that submission did not suit the schemes of agitators, who saw in peaceful and prosperous restoration and perfect union between North and South, the downfall of all their selfish hopes. For that reason, and for no other, new causes of excitement and new issues have been invented, until we are now brought face to face with the last and worst of all, namely: "whether American civilization or African barbarism shall rule the destinies of this Republic? No candid mind can deny but that such is the plain proposition before the country in the reconstruction policy which the destructives in Congress have enforced on the South. It is for this that the North have waited patiently for nearly three years, and submitted its neck to the heavy yoke of taxation. It is for this that labor has wrought two days in every week without returns, manufacturers have suspended their enterprise, trade has valuly called on the help of consumption, universal confidence has been almost fatally undermined, and the enormous expenses of maintaining a large army in time of peace have been incurred. These points are seen by all, and yet the people seem to awake but slowly to the consequences of a legislation that is especially designed to sacrifice their welfare and happiness to party interests. Even the Radicals themselves now perceive the situation of things, but they know that to retrace their steps would be ruin. For this reason they will rather consent to the lead of a few desperate men, and follow them, nobody can tell to what extreme, if it only serves to put off the hour of their doom.

THAD. STEVENS, in his argument in favor of the conviction of President JOHNSON, spoke as counsel always do to a packed jury. He concluded his speech with this sentence: "Let him resign, and return to his village and obscurity." It were well indeed for the usurpers if President JOHNSON would retire to "his village and obscurity." The day of his conviction will be the day of damnation for the Radical party—it will be the beginning of an impeachment prosecuted by JOHNSON, "solitary and alone," before the people, who will pluck up the Radical leaders by the forelocks. President JOHNSON retire to "his village"! He will go to Castle Garden, and have a half million of Democrats for an audience. He will go to Democratic Boston, and shake Faneuil Hall to its foundations. He will go to Democratic Chicago, and invoke the spirit of DOUGLAS, which, like a flaming sword in the heavens, will be over his head. He will go to Democratic St. Louis, and move the heart of the Great West. "Return to his village and obscurity"! Nay. President JOHNSON will even visit Lancaster, the "village" of the "eld man miserable," who will ask for the mountains to fall upon him, and yearn for obscurity to save him from the wrath of an indignant, oppressed and insulted people. President JOHNSON will appeal from the judgment of a corrupt Congress to the nation; and before the people he will argue his own cause. The circle he will make will be like the one of the "Magic Wand," and he will torture Radicals as he did Know-Nothings in Tennessee in 1856—leaving behind the *dejecta membra* of his enemies. If the Radical cowards flatter themselves that President JOHNSON will quietly retire to his home in East Tennessee, they will be as much surprised as the Saxons at Dresden, when FREDERICK the Great got possession of the State papers, and will be as completely routed as the French at Rosbach. President JOHNSON'S face, coming from the Senate Chamber, will be like that of the first martyr, and his conviction by the mouth of his enemies will be the robe of his innocence. His locks now shorn, he will be like SAMPSON when he took hold of the pillars in the temple of the gods, and if he perish, it will be with the Radical lords, his persecutors and enemies.

THE readers of the AVALANCHE will find in another column an address to the voters of the city from Acting Mayor MCDAVITT, upon the Bond question, to be decided to-day. Controller BAUGH'S communication, upon the same subject, will be read with interest. The views of both are substantially the same as the AVALANCHE has expressed and still adheres to. We hope the voters of Memphis will support the financial policy of the Board and Acting Mayor, notwithstanding the opposition of fault-finders and delinquent tax-payers.

The Pennsylvania delegation to the Democratic National Convention, it is said, will vote solid for the nomination of General Hancock.

TELEGRAPH

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, April 29.

The *Tribune's* special says at a meeting of influential Democrats Sunday evening, it was agreed to aid the nomination of Hancock and Grosebeck for President and Vice President of the United States. The same dispatch says all others to aid the military authorities in correcting false returns, and all attempts to remedy the frauds of the election in Louisiana by representative leaders were thwarted by General Buchanan.

It is stated that Senator Grimes will vote for acquittal, while Fessenden, and one or two others heretofore considered doubtful, will vote for conviction.

The sum total of the receipts from nearly all the Collection Districts in the United States, proves the revenue for the last five months to be at the rate of $12,000,000 per year, or $30,000,000 less than the estimate made by Special Commissioner Wells.

Another Washington special says General Schofield has written a letter to the President, declining the acceptance of a nomination to the War Department.

The following dispatch has been received from General Canby: "A detachment of the 4th infantry, on the 25th instant, attempted to capture Reddick Correy and a party charged with several murders. Correy, while under arrest in 1866 for murder, murdered Lieutenant Krigan of the 28th infantry and escaped; on this occasion two soldiers were killed and the officer in command, Brevet Major Lyman, was badly wounded. Correy and his son were killed, and his son-in-law wounded."

General Canby also telegraphs that the South Carolina returns are all in, and that the majority for the Constitution is 43,470; and that the majority for the Constitution in North Carolina has increased to 13,440, with forty-four counties yet to hear from. The vote polled, as far as heard from, is 105,874.

General Meade telegraphs that the election in Georgia passed off as quietly as could have been expected. There were one or two serious outbreaks, and many complaints of fraud from both sides, and some applications for a re-election. The probabilities are that the Constitution is ratified by a large majority.

Bullock is elected Governor, but the Democrats have a majority in the Legislature.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, April 29.

Captain J. M. Brockley, and nine others, of the crew of the bark Jacmel, recently returned from Ireland, leave for Cleveland to day en route for Idaho. They will be the guest of the Fenian brotherhood.

It is stated that the Congressional Democratic Executive Committee has unanimously passed resolutions requesting the Democratic National Committee to recopsider the previous action, and issue a call for the Presidential nominating committee to meet in New York early in June. It is probable that a Congressional caucus of all the Democratic members will shortly be called, for the purpose of making the same request.

At a soldiers' meeting held at the Fifth Avenue Hotel last night, it was agreed to support Hancock as their candidate for the Presidency, and to urge the calling of a Democratic soldiers' and sailors' convention.

The *Herald's* Washington dispatch says General Schofield desires the new Constitution of Virginia submitted to the votes of the people, to be voted upon in separate parts or sections, and thus enable them, if the voters deem it proper, to reject the disfranchising clause, to which General Schofield takes exception, and adopt such other parts as they may approve. Thus the entire Constitution need not be rejected because of any one or more objectionable features.

A Convention of cotton planters, dealers and manufacturers was held here to-day. Representatives were present from Texas, Alabama, North and South Carolina, Maryland, Delaware, Tennessee, New Jersey, Mississippi, Arkansas, New York, Connecticut, Pennsylvania and Massachusetts were present. General Pratt, of Alabama, opened the proceedings, and Mr. Richard Geosed, of Pennsylvania, was appointed President. Speeches were made by several gentlemen on propositions to establish a permanent organization under the name of Cotton Planters' and Manufacturers' Association.

Washington specials give rumors that the Fifth cavalry, of which General Emory is commander, is to be transferred to other duty, and that General Rousseau will be commander of the Department of Washington.

The Reconstruction Committee to-day agreed to postpone the question of the restoration of South Carolina and Arkansas until the Constitutions of the other Southern States arrive.

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, April 29.

At Lockland, Ohio, ten miles from this city, Mrs. Hudson, a colored lady, left two young children alone in a vacant house for about a half hour. During her absence the house caught fire, and the children were burnt to death before assistance could be rendered.

Arrived—Darling, from Memphis.

SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 29.

General Ord has been assigned to the command of the Department of California, vice General McDowell transferred to the Department of the Mississippi.

Idaho advices of the 18th state that the Indians are committing depredations in Jordan Valley. It is thought the programme of the past four years will be re-enacted by the savages—robbing, burning and murdering.

The Indians made a raid through Fayette Valley, capturing and driving off stock. Troops have been sent in pursuit from Fort Boise.

GALVESTON.

GALVESTON, April 29.

Matamoras advices to the 14th instant state that the National Congress reassembled on the 1st of April, and the decree of banishment against foreigners who had served under the Empire was modified, by permitting them to remain on proof of an honorable calling, and the payment of twenty negrettes.

A number of the revolutionists had been captured, and were being tried by the military authorities.

The Brownsville *Ranchero* estimates the Custom House deficits there at $35,000.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, April 29.

The river is falling slowly, with seven feet six inches in the canal. Weather clear and warm.

Arrived—Belle Lee, from New Orleans; Clifton, from Memphis. Departed—Indiana, for New Orleans.

The *Courier* announces that General S. B. Buckner, who since the war has been residing in New Orleans, will remove here next month, and become editorially connected with that paper.

RICHMOND.

RICHMOND, April 29.

General Schofield has appointed a new Mayor for Portsmouth and a full list of Councilmen.

L. H. Chandler, United States District Attorney, has been nominated for Congress by the Radicals of the Second District.

AUGUSTA.

AUGUSTA, April 29.

Ninety-eight counties give Bullock 2,268 majority. There are forty-two counties still to hear from, while will propably lessen these figures.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, April 29.

The river is swelling slowly and in good boating stage.

Arrived—Minnie, from Arkansas river. Departed—Belle St. Louis, for Memphis.

FOREIGN.

LIVERPOOL, April 29—Noon.

Cotton, irregular, lower; estimated sales to-day, 10,000 bales; uplands, 12¾d; aflost, 13d; Orleans, 13d.

LONDON, April 28.

The trial of General Nagle is set for the 9th of May. The trial of Barke, Cassiday and Shaw, on the charge of felony, commenced to-day. A motion for a mixed jury was overruled. All the Clerkenwell prisoners, except Barrett, were released to-day.

PARIS, April 29.

The *Moniteur* has South American advices, which state that the allied land and naval forces are in possession of all the principal points around Humita, and their forces were being daily increased for the final attack.

Fortieth Congress—First Session

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, April 29.

Mr. Sumner offered resolutions that Mr. Nelson, having used improper language in this tribunal, calculated to provoke a duel, and disrespectful to the Court, therefore, he deserves the censure of the Senate. Mr. Sherman objected to the consideration of the resolutions, and Mr. Sumner objected to Mr. Nelson being allowed to make any remarks, except in explanation; but the Senate allowed him to read a portion of the letter bearing on the question of dates. Mr. Nelson then explained what purported to be the original of the letter, signed by Messrs. Butler, Logan and Garfield, dated March the 9th, and also a letter to the President, by Mr. Chauncy Black, March 16th, enclosing a copy, with additional signatures. Mr. Cameron offered an order for night sessions hereafter, which went over.

Mr. Evarts then resumed his argument. He assumed it to be already shown that this tribunal is a Court, and that the President is to be tried only on the charges which are supported by law and evidence, and by common fame. He said much that had been elaborately advanced by the Managers must fall to the ground, and so must fall the articles based on charges which had been repeatedly rejected, as false grounds for impeachment. He referred to the conduct of the case by the Prosecution, as being similar to the practice of the Chinese, who make a great noise in the vicinity of the object to be attacked, or like the explosion of some 250 tons of gunpowder, at a safe distance from the walls to be demolished. In this case he said evidence had been suppressed, and the enlargement of declamatory invective was unusually improper. He also spoke in a strain of sarcasm in answer to Mr. Boutwell's reference to the President's counsel as "attorneys whose minds had not been sharpened, but enlarged by practice." He then considered Mr. Boutwell's definition of impeachable offenses, and argued at length that no action could be so construed, which did not proceed from malice and evil intention, supporting his views by quotations from the records of Humphrey's trial, and also by the language of Burke in accusing Warren Hastings, where he expressly stated that the assertion and proof of evil intents were indispensible.

Mr. Evarts held that the best way to determine the nature of offenses which may be deemed high crimes and misdemeanors, is to consider the punishment prescribed for them.

He referred to the epithets applied by the Managers to the punishment of despotism, and in forcible terms described the character and magnitude of the disgrace which this punishment involves. He claimed that the description of the penalties provided in the Tenure-of-Office law for its infraction showed the comparatively trivial nature of the offense. A maximum but no minimum of punishment is provided; and so in the discretion of the court before whom the indictment should be tried, the offender could be let off with a fine of six cents and imprisonment for one day. He read from the debates on this subject at the time when this bill was prepared, in which Mr. Williams and other Senators said there should be no minimum fixed, because the offense might arise from inadvertence, and would not in any case fix a character of moral guilt.

Mr. Evarts then considered the general debates on the bill, and proposed to prove that the offense charged was not made, or to be considered penal, but more of a political nature, and then that even the alleged infraction did not take place. He claimed that all belief of the President's former turpitude must be laid aside, and it must be considered that he was unimpeachable before twelve o'clock on February 21st; and then argued that even if the removal of Stanton had been actually effected, no change in the relations of the War Department to the rest of the Government would have ensued, and hence that the mere act could not be considered as dangerous to the public safety, but, on the contrary, it would have been benefited by it, because the relations existing between the President and Stanton were prejudicial to a proper working of the Government; hence it resulted that the crime consisted in the technical infraction of the law, and applied only in its restrictions to himself, and he believed it to be unconstitutional; and moreover, it relates to an offense not penal; and under these circumstances his action could not be deemed a crime.

He then briefly considered the question of what was meant by an unconstitutional law, and said it was a paradox, as it could be no offense to violate the provisions of such a mere piece of paper. He claimed, he said, no greater right for the President than for a private individual to test the constitutionality of a statute thus. He argued that the President had made a paper removal, without force or violence, in order to assert his right to act under the Constitution, which, as he believed, was violated by the law in question, against the assertion that final violations are impeachable, without reference to intention. He cited authority and argued at some length that the principles of common sense were opposed to any such views.

At this point the Court took a recess.

On reassembling Mr. Evarts expressed his surprise at the Managers' denunciation of those peacefully resisted laws which they decided unconstitutional. It was the duty of every ministerial officer to raise a question in favor of the Constitution, and in the highest degree it was the duty of the special defendant of the Constitution. He referred to the case of Newell vs. the Auditor of the State of New York, in which the latter successfully resisted the loan of six millions, and also the New York law imposing a tax on brokers' sales, which was resisted and pronounced void by the United States Supreme Court, and to the action of Mr. Lincoln in suspending habeas corpus in Florida, in causing the arrest of the Maryland Legislature and creating military commissions in time of peace, and said that Congress, by indorsing those acts, had confirmed the doctrine that the motive must be considered, and that the mere infraction of a law was not in itself a ground for impeachment, as suggested by Mr. Boutwell as proper for the President. He said if the honorable and astronomical Manager could get over the laws of Nature, the Constitution would not stand in his way, for the removal from office was prescribed without limit as to the distance to which the culprit should be removed. [Great laughter.] He went on for some time describing in a manner which elicited roars of laughter at the supposed flight of Boutwell as a ballf, with the culprit in charge, to his hole in the sky.

Mr. Evarts then took up the subject of the position and powers of the President, and held that he he was the direct representative of the people who elected him, and for whom he held his powers in trust. Evils and disturbances always result from the accession to that office of one elected by the people, and destitute of political support, this exceptional weakness for the presidential office is now heightened by the extraordinary division of party strength in Congress, and so the constitutional safe guards to its independence are unavailing, and to urge an unequal contest now would be fatal to the maintenance hereafter of the true position under the Constitution. He next spoke of the peculiar situation of the country, from which have sprung the present proceedings. He referred to the chaos caused by the rebellion, and to the unprecedented social changes wrought by the emancipation of four millions of slaves. He said the question as to the part to be taken by the different branches of the Government, and as to the application of the Constitution and laws in the work of reconstructing, were immensely difficult, and readily productive of honest differences of opinion. He dwelt at length on the complications caused by political aspirations, and claimed that all these considerations were motives to avoid or delay the action of impeachment and to cure these evils which political action would itself remedy. He referred to an article in the *Tribune*, as an example of the feeling entertained that impeachment was warranted for political reasons, and argued in refutation of the view thus taken. He held that the essence of the Constitution was the authority of the people, and that its arrangement of the relative powers of the different branches of the Government was based on the idea that the terms of authority granted were so short that the evils would be patiently endured, for a few years, until the people could, by the ballot, remedy them. At this point, it being four o'clock, the Court and Senate adjourned.

Mr. Cur, of the Oregon *Herald*, who is so illiterate as to spell his name K-e-r-r, is one of the most insolent Radicals in that State.

MARRIED.

On the 29th instant, at the residence of the bride's father, near the city, by the Rev. T. D. Witherspoon, Major LEE H. PURDUE, of Canton, Miss., to Miss MARY E., daughter of E. M. AVERY, Esq.

We cannot permit this occasion to pass without offering our congratulations to our friends who, with brightest anticipations of the future, have thus chosen to walk the "long path" of life together, and can assure Ike Major that in his bride he has won a rare prize, whose value is beyond estimation. May their life prove the realization of their fondest hopes of earthly bliss.

AUCTION.

AT AUCTION.

ON FRIDAY MORNING, the first of May, at ten o'clock, we shall proceed to sell the Stock, Fixtures and Household Furniture of Mrs. Beyer.

At the Store No. 134 Union Street.

The stock comprises Ladies' Underwear, Ribbons, Ladies' Dresses, Aprons, Sacks, Bonnets, Trimmings, Linen Dress Goods, Spool Thread and a large lot of Fancy articles; also, two splendid Sewing Machines, one a Grover & Baker, the other by Wheeler & Wilson.

W. H. PASSMORE & CO., apr30 Auctioneers.

Counters, Shelving and Fixtures

IN the Confectionery and Fruit Store in the Gresham Opera House, will be closed out at eleven o'clock precisely, THIS DAY.

J. R. JONES, Receiver. apr30

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE

100 casks Bacon,
550 barrels Pork,
50 tierces Hams,
400 barrels Flour,
200 boxes Candles,
300 packages Molasses,
20 hogsheads Sugar.

Also, all articles generally kept in our line.

GALBREATH, STEWART & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers.
apr30 No. 11 Lee Block, Union Street.

Annual Picnic
OF
ST. PETER'S SUNDAY SCHOOL

UNDER the auspices of the Christian Doctrine Association, will take place on TUESDAY, May 5, 1868, on the beautiful grounds known as the "Pond Place," near the Brick Church in Chelsea, the proceeds to be used in purchasing a Children's Sunday School Library. Excellent Brass and String Bands have been engaged for the occasion. Admission Fifty Cents. apr30

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS!

BOUGHT AT THE SALE
—OF A—
BANKRUPT IMPORTER
—AT—
GREAT BARGAINS
—AT—
B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.

HAVING JUST RECEIVED a large stock, bought at a BANKRUPT IMPORTER'S SALE, We offer

Great Bargains During This Week

IN ALL KINDS

DRESS GOODS
—AND—
TRIMMINGS,
LINENS, DAMASK,
TOWELS,
HANDKERCHIEFS & HOSIERY

ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF

ELEGANT LACE POINTS

AND AN IMMENSE QUANTITY OF

EMBROIDERIES

WHICH WE OFFER AT

LESS THAN GOLD PRICES!

JUST RECEIVED,

A NEW STYLE PRINTS

WHOLESALE BUYERS

Should give us a call before making purchases, as we have a large stock of

PRINTS,
DOMESTICS,
DRILLS, STRIPES,
COTTONADES and
LINEN DRILLS,

Which we offer as Low as such can be IMPORTED AT FROM NEW YORK.

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROTHERS
Corner Jefferson and Main Streets.
apr28

IMPORTANT ARRIVAL!

MENKEN BROTHERS

JUST RECEIVED

Real Lace Points

From $100 00 to $500 00.

—ALSO—

BEAUTIFUL FIGURED LINEN LAWNS

30 cents a yard.
apr29

OLD WINE & LIQUOR HOUSE

Established by Raphael Semmes in 1819.

B. J. SEMMES & CO.,

Irving Block, 254 Second Street, Memphis, Tenn.

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS, ETC.

Import Direct

Martell Brandies, Port, Sherry and Other Wines.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Moet & Chandon's "Green Seal" Champagne.

Yannissee and Westmoreland Whiskey

oct

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

GEO. PATTISON & CO.,

NO. 317 1-2 MAIN STREET, WEST SIDE,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN SCHOOL, MISCELLANEOUS

BLANK AND MEMORANDUM BOOKS.

A large and well selected stock of everything in our line kept constantly on hand at Lowest Market Price. Wholesale dealers would do well to examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere. mh6

FORSTER, KEALHOFER & CO.,

GROCERS, COTTON FACTORS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 209 Main Street, Four Doors North of Adams, Memphis, Tenn.,

General Dealers in Plantation Supplies.

IN ADDITION, ALWAYS HAVE

Choice Michigan Butter, Extra Golden Syrup, Buckwheat Flour.
Shaker Preserves, Canned Fruits, Pickles, Green and Black Teas,
Sugar, Flour, Meal, Lard, Sugar Cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon,
Choice Coffees, Irish Potatoes, Hominy, Beans, Pearl Barley.

Have in store a consignment of DRIED PEACHES—finest in the market.

Captain KEALHOFER gives special attention to Cotton and Produce consigned to the house. ja30

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

M. PERDUE,

Modes de Paris, 273 1-2 Main Street,

OPPOSITE COURT SQUARE,

KEEPS an exquisite assortment of

Real Laces, Embroideries,
Corsets, White Goods,
Dress Trimmings, etc.

—ALSO—

French Flowers, Ribbons,
Frosted Crepes and Tulles,
Colored Biondes, Straw Goods,

In endless variety, including the new MANDARIN and EMERALD SUNDOWNS.

The SHOW ROOM is daily replenished with the most

NOVEL STYLES OF BONNETS & HATS

To be found in the city. apr28

UNITED STATES
FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE CO.

OF BALTIMORE, MD

J. W. RANDOLPH, President. H. C. JONES, Secretary.

Cash Assets January 1, 1867,
$305,689 00.

Cash Assets January 1, 1868,
$431,276 00.

Declared to Stockholders for year 1867, a Dividend of 25 per cent. upon Capital, amounting to
$50,000 00.

PREMIUM RECEIPTS FOR 1867.

Fire Branch,	$163,123 00
Marine Branch,	$156,331 00
LOSSES.	
Paid during the year 1867,	$118,463 00

A share of patronage for this reliable Company is respectfully solicited.

G. W. L. CROOK, Agent,
mh29 Office, 279 1-2 Main Street.

MEGIBBEN & BROTHER,

WHOLESALE

LIQUOR DEALERS,

281 Main St., Memphis, Tenn.

MISS N. ENGLISH,

MILLINER

230 Main Street, Up-stairs.

KEEPS constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of MILLINERY GOODS, etc., etc. Her stock is selected with care, and prices to compete with any establishment in the South.

FANCY AND MOURNING BONNETS

FIVE DOLLARS EACH.

Give her a call.

Lecture.

A LECTURE will be delivered by Rev. P. F. O'REILLY, of St. Louis,

IN ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH,

CORNER LINDEN & DESOTO STS.,

On Thursday Evening, at half-past 7 o'clock.

Subject:

VIEWS OF CATHOLICITY, FROM WITHIN AND WITHOUT. apr29

E. H. FLYNN, RETAIL GROCER,

No. 30 Beale Street.

HAS for sale FRESH COUNTRY BUTTER, SLICED HAM and CHIP BEEF, of the best quality. apr27

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a deed of trust to me executed by Thomas Dennons, on the 11th day of November, 1866, which deed is of record in the Register's office of Shelby county, in book No. 85, part 1, page 56, etc., to secure to Sarah Ann Perry the prompt payment of certain notes therein described and whereas the first of said notes is due and unpaid, now, therefore, by virtue of the power in me vested by said deed of trust, I will,

On Saturday, the 23d day of May, 1868,

Between the hours of 11 a.m. and 1 p.m., in front of the Post-office, on the corner of Jefferson and Third streets, in the city of Memphis, proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash, the property in said deed conveyed and described, that lot in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, and now and lately belonging at the intersection of the east side of Marley avenue, with the south side of Brinkley street, as laid down on E. W. Hooker's map of said city; the said south with Marley avenue 100 feet, thence at right angles with Marley avenue westwardly 50 feet; thence northwardly, parallel with Marley avenue, 100½ feet to Brinkley street; thence east with Brinkley street 50 feet to the beginning.

Title said to be good, but I convey only as trustee. The equity of redemption waived.

GEORGE W. MONTGOMERY, Trustee.
apr28

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CLOTHING!

ROBESON, SNEED & CO.

261 MAIN STREET,

(OLD STAND MACK BROTHERS & BOHM.)

ARE IN RECEIPT OF

New & Desirable Styles
OF
SPRING CLOTHING

WHICH ARE OFFERED

AT MODERATE PRICES

WE INVITE ESPECIAL ATTENTION TO OUR STOCK OF

FURNISHING GOODS!

SHOULDER, SEAM, DIAMOND,
AND F. Y. S. SHIRTS.

UNDERWEAR

of all Seasonable Fabrics.

ENGLISH HOSIERY,

In Great Variety.

TRUNKS, VALISES, PORTMANTEUS,

New and Desirable Styles.

ROBESON, SNEED & CO.,

No. 261 Main Street,

(Old Stand Mack Brothers & Bohm)
apr30

HUMAN HAIR GOODS
AND
LADIES' HAIR DRESSING.

I HAVE brought from Paris a large and well selected stock of HUMAN HAIR GOODS, the finest ever brought to any market. I ask the Ladies to call and see for themselves the artistic styles and elegance of the human hair.

At 269 1-2 Main Street, Up-stairs, Opp. Court Square

N. B.—WIGS, CHIGNONS, etc. HAIR CUTTING in any style done by the Professor, T. LAVIGNE. apr28

BOND ELECTION!

Judges, Clerks, Etc.

THE following will be the places for Voting and the Judges and Clerks at the Election on THURSDAY, the 30th instant, for the issuance of TIME BONDS for the purpose of funding the past due debt of the city:

FIRST WARD ENGINE HOUSE—Judges, John Newsom A. Bankert and J. O. Drew; Clerks, A. W. Newsom and F. C. Scheafer; Sheriff, John W. Taylor.

THIRD WARD ENGINE HOUSE.—Judges, John Park, R. S. Myers and F. J. Atwell; Clerks, John C. Bridges and J. A. Newsom; Sheriff, E. Marshall.

FIFTH WARD ENGINE HOUSE.—Judges, A. T. Shaw G. R. Church and James Banks; Clerks, C. W. Newsom and Dan. Looney; Sheriff, R. G. Tucker.

SEVENTH WARD ENGINE HOUSE. Judges, O. C. Jones' J. D. Wimberly and W. R. Duncan; Clerks, D. W. Richard and K. R. Roy; sheriff, James Swan.

Polls will be opened at ten o'clock a.m. and closed at five p.m. Judges will see that the existing franchise laws of the State are complied with.

The Judges and Clerks will be qualified at the Polls, in each precinct, at half-past nine o'clock.

By order of E. McDAVITT,
Mayor pro tem.

C. T. DE PUE, Sergeant-at-Arms.

Approved—J. J. SEARS, Commissioner of Registration for Shelby county, Tennessee. apr29

The Beautiful Ice Cream Saloon

At JOS. SPECHT'S, 37 Madison St.,

IS OPEN.

THE Ladies and Gentleman are respectfully invited. ICE CREAM, CAKES, CANDIES, NUTS, etc.; SODA WATER, with pure fresh syrup. All of the freshest and best qualities. apr28 JOS. SPECHT.

Valuable City Property for Sale

FOR CITY SCRIP.

TITLE good and lot valuable. Thirty-five feet by twohundred. Address apr8 A. B., AVALANCHE OFFICE.

FASHIONABLE

Boot and Shoemakers,

LINKHAUER & BRO. Agents.

THIS well known firm is now located at 304½ Second street between South Court and Madison, opposite the Shelman Block.

For Sale.

$6,000 CASH will buy the Lot, Store and Fixtures; also, Groceries, etc., suitable for the trade. Good business established. Perfectly satisfactory reasons for selling. Twenty-five thousand dollars trade annually. For particulars address SCHUERMAN & WILSON, apr28 Indian Bay, Arkansas.

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

THURSDAY, . . . APRIL 30, 1868

OFFICIAL JOURNAL.

OF THE CITY AND BOARD OF SCHOOL VISITORS.

POST OFFICE ARRANGEMENTS.

CLOSING OF MAILS.

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Albany, New York, Baltimore, and all cities North and West, at 7:30 p.m.

For Chattanooga, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, Ga., Montgomery, Mobile, New York, Nashville and all cities South and East, at 12:45 p.m.

For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Vicksburg, Natchez, and all cities South, at 3:30 p.m.

All locations on Mississippi and Tennessee Southern and New Orleans, Jackson and great Northern Railroads, at 9:15 p.m.

All locations on the Memphis and Louisville and Branch railroads, at 1:30 p.m.

All Stations on the Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and East Tennessee Railroads, at 12:45 p.m.

ROBERT C. GIST, Postmaster.

Officers and conductors of railroads are requested to give no free transportation to any one on the credit of the Avalanche.

M. C. GALLAWAY & CO

NEWS IN BRIEF.

General Whipple is at the Overton.

Fourteen cases in Police Court yesterday.

Three bales of cotton, stolen from Fort Pickering, were gobbled by a constable yesterday.

The Buttinghams investigation is slowly progressing.

The deck hand stabbing investigation is awaiting the issue of Cusick's wounds.

Miles Porter, the negro burglar shot by Mr. L Podests, is dead.

Fanny Chester was yesterday sent to jail in default of $1,000 bail, by Esquire Griffiths, for larceny.

We direct attention to a new advertisement of Messrs. Galbreath, Stewart & Co., of which a more extended notice will appear to-morrow.

Remember Rev. Father O'Reilly's lecture at St. Patrick's church to night on "Catholicity, as Viewed from Without and Within."

To-morrow the young ladies of the State Female College will have a Mayday festival, which promises to be a most agreeable affair.

A mackerel named Johnny Ryan, who robbed a negro of fifty dollars, near the Overton, yesterday, was arrested, taken before Esquire Daily and committed, on default of bail.

The Indians, including Mr. "Lo, the poor Indian," so touchingly alluded to in verse, are still at the Varieties, drawing large crowds. The Green Monster is also on hands, and besides, excellent comic and sentimental singing, dancing, burlesque, etc., are given. It should be borne in mind that Miss DeVere, the popular vocalist, will take a benefit to morrow night. Her friends—and she has many—should turn out in force.

Yesterday morning Judge J. O. Pierce, of the Law Court, decided that Mr. A. Mathias, Clerk of the Common Law Court elect, was entitled to be immediately inducted into office and to the profits from March 4th, the time when the law creating the office went into effect. We take it for granted it was agreed that the decision should be taken as a precedent for the contest for the Criminal Court clerkship.

Linens, damask, towels, from bankrupt importer's sale, at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 3t

"VIEWS OF CATHOLICITY, FROM WITHIN AND WITHOUT."—Such is the subject chosen by Rev. P. F. O'Reilly, of St. Louis, for his second lecture among us. His first (on Spiritualism), though very interesting, yielded, perhaps, to his second, in as much as our people—many, at least—and from position, circumstances, or habit, so situated as to look from conflicting view-points on the Catholic Church. To have the two views offered for the consideration of such—the Catholic Church presented as seen by those studied in her doctrines—her own devoted adherents—and compared with the corresponding but conflicting views of those who only see her in her external presentation, and read that external through the alphabet of their own preconceived prejudices or limited knowledge in its regard—to have the two views so offered in parallel lines of narrative and argument, must surely make an interesting lecture. This we anticipate, and advise our readers to make test of the matter by an early attendance this evening at St. Patrick's church.

THE FOREST HILL BALL.—We had the pleasure of a call yesterday from Mr. William A. Ammons, proprietor of that beautiful and attractive country place on the Memphis and Charleston railroad, Forest Hill. We are indebted to him for a ticket to the May ball, to be given there next Friday evening, and expect to attend and make an "official" report of the festivities. An extra train will run, leaving about seven o'clock, we learn, and will go as far as Collierville, to bring down persons from that place. One of the best bands in the city is engaged for the occasion; the halls are already decked with evergreens; a splendid supper it preparing, and the beauties and gallants of country and city will find every facility and encouragement for enjoying a delightful May evening. Mr. Ammons has bountiful spirit and means, and will spare no expense or trouble to entertain and please his guests.

A large stock of dress goods, from bankrupt importer's sale, at low prices, at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 3t

THE CAPITOL.—Our friend Captain Chris. Steinkuhl has purchased an interest in the famous "Capitol Saloon," Whisky Chute, and will in future be found on hand ready to serve all the old patrons of the establishment and his friends generally. Chris. is one of the most popular "institutions" in Memphis, and has legions of friends of all classes, who will not fail to put in an appearance where he presides. The Capitol was long since placed by George Miller in the front rank of Memphis saloons; and now that both will "unite to form one," it will become more popular than ever. Those bibulously inclined may rely upon finding at all times the finest wines, brandies, whiskies, ales, etc., at this place, and upon receiving the best attention and most courteous treatment. Drop in and see Chris.

An immense quantity of embroideries, from bankrupt importer's sale, at less than gold prices, at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 3t

ATTENTION, LANCERS.—At an adjourned meeting, Friday, the 24th instant, of the gentlemen called together at the request of Captain Van, at the editorial rooms of the *Appeal*, J. P. Strange was called to the chair and Dr. W. N. Wilkerson, the Secretary, took his place, when the following was adopted:

Resolved, That gentlemen wishing to join in the exhibition of platoon *modelle* drill of European *lanciers* be requested to leave their names at the editorial rooms of the *Appeal*, with Captain Van, who will give all information required, and whose name will be referred to a committee composed of Major G. V. Rambaut, Major J. DuBose and Dr. W. N. Wilkerson. J. V. STRANGE, Ch'n.
W. N. WILKERSON, Sec. 3t

Embroideries from bankrupt importer's sale at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 3t

NASHVILLE AND NORTHWESTERN RAILROAD.—Reports are being circulated that the trains of the Nashville and Northwestern Railroad have ceased running to McKenzie. This is not true. All trains still run to Union City, and will continue to make regular connections, both at that point and McKenzie. F. S. RICHARDS,
General Superintendent.

THE CIRCUS.—Lake's Circus Combination has arrived, and will give an exhibition on the bluff, between Court and Madison streets, at two o'clock this afternoon. It has the reputation of being a fine show, complete in all appointments. But more hereafter.

COURT RECESS SALOON AT AUCTION.—This morning, by order of the administrator, W. H. Passmore & Co. will sell, at public auction, the contents of the above saloon. Parties desiring a good investment, with small capital, will do well to attend the sale. Terms cash.

New checked silks, very cheap, at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 3t

Prints "that are prints," 10 cents; nice linen lawns, 35 cents; beautiful lawns, 22½ cents. Great bargains in new styles dress goods at J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., No. 231 Main street. tf

Prints "that are prints," 10 cents; large stock of alspaces at 35 cents; mohair dress goods, 25 cents, J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., No. 231 Main street. tf

Remember, Hesse & Co's stock of damaged goods must be sold without regard to price or value, at 234 Main street. tf

Just received—silk trimmings, buttons, cotton drop and bullion fringe, the latest novelties, at A. Seessel & Son's, No. 259 Main street. tf

Fifty dozen ladies' white cotton hose, slightly damaged by water, from fifteen to twenty-five cents per pair. [1w] RICH & ENGEL.

Dress goods and trimmings, very cheap, from bankrupt importer's sale at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 3t

Lumber, Shingles and Laths can be bought low of B. K. Plain & Co., 304 Second street. 1m

Pittsburg and Kentucky coal and gas coke. Brown & Jones, office 247 Second street. tf

Lace points from bankrupt importer's sale at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 3t

Fancy trimmings, of all the latest styles, just arrived, at A Seessel & Son. 1w

THE SPRING MEETING.

Third Day—Two Interesting Races, Over a Fair Track.

Pat Malloy and Malcomb Winners by Easy Odds.

To-Day's Programme—Exciting Contest Expected—Joe Johnston and Malcomb.

Yesterday was a bright, beautiful day, well calculated after so much rainy weather and mud and fog to invite everybody out in the sun and air. The sky was serenely blue, save when a fragmentary cloud floated grandly across its illimitable depth, or disappeared like snow flakes falling on a mighty lake. The air was the purest breath of spring, and was freighted with messages from flowers and woodland that evoked many a blessing on spring, thrilled the heart of youth with poetic fancies, and made the man wish he were a boy again, and free as the winds that fanned his cheek.

With such thoughts we took a seat yesterday in one of our street cars labelled "Races," about one o'clock, and by a streak of good luck actually reached the race track in time to see the first heat. Street railways are great institution, ours especially, as they fill the mind with (ten) cent imental thoughts, such as a man never enjoys in Cairo, Holly Springs, or even Hopefield.

As might have been expected, a larger crowd attended the races yesterday than either of the preceding days of the week.

FIRST RACE.

SENATE SWEEPSTAKES—*Two mile dash. Entrance $20 p. p., for three year olds; three or more to fill; Senate to add $200; entrance money to go to second horse.*

1. M. C. Costillo b. f. three years old, by Shelby, dam Parisine, imp. Franby. Dress—Green and white.
2. P. Blasick, b. c Pat Malloy, three years old, by Lexington, dam Giorlana, by American Eclipse. Dress—Yellow and red.
3. P. Mitchell br. c three years old, by Shelby, by imp Knowsley. Dress—Red and white.
4. E. Smith ch. f three years old, Fanny Moore, by imp. Bonnie Scotland, dam Adelle by imp. Albion.

Mr. M. C. Costillo had entered b. c. Seagull, but under the rules of the Turf Congress, having entered two, was allowed to name the one he wished to run. Blasick's Hazard, likewise entered, did not appear. In the pool selling and on the ground, Blasick's entry, Pat Malloy, was the favorite by large odds. Elgin was next in order. When the horses were brought up for the start, they pranced and reared as though conscious of the heavy bets made on the race, and seemed eager to be off. All being ready, they passed the string at the tap of the drum, in fine order, Costillo being next to the pole, Elgin second, Malloy third, and Fanny Moore outside. Elgin took the lead at once, by a couple of lengths, but Malloy had an eye to the main chance, and before reaching the quarter pole, had shot by the black colt; time to first quarter, 31 seconds. Going up the back stretch, Malloy increased his pace and the distance between him and Elgin. Fannie Moore was next, and Costillo far in the rear. They passed the half mile pole in this position, and came in on the home stretch without material change; first mile made in 2:02. Passing the string, Malloy shot out a length or two more, and after this there was no contest, and Malloy won the race easily; the others were strung out. Costillo passed Fannie Moore about the mile and a half pole, and came in third, Fannie last. Time, 4:08½. The contest was very spirited, and created but little excitement, except among those who were about to lose or win money. Considerable amounts changed hands.

SUMMARY.

Senate (changed from Gayoso) sweepstake; two mile dash. Entrance $20 p. p. for three year olds; three or more to fill; Senate to add $200. Entrance money to go to second horse.

P. Blasick enters b. c. Pat Malloy, 3 years old, by Lexington: dam Giorlana, by American Eclipse.....1
P. Mitchell enters br. c. Elgin, 3 years old, by Shelby, by Imported Eclipse.....2
M. C. Costillo enters b. f., three years old, by Shelby; dam Parisine, by imp. Franby.....3
E. A. Smith enters ch. f., 3 years old, Fannie Moore, by imported Bonnie Scotland; dam Adelia, by imp. Albion..4

Time—31, 2:02, 4:08¾.

SECOND RACE.

Association purse, $250; mile heats, free for all.
R. A. Smith's b. h. Malcomb, six years old, by Bonnie Scotland; dam Lady Lancaster. Dress—White and blue.
F. Loring's ch. m. Bill Forrest, five years old, by Hiawatha; dam Prairie Flower, by Imported Sovereign. Dress—Green, orange and red.
J. Crowley's b. m. Redfoot, five years old, by Reserve; dam by Sythian. Dress—Blue and white.

This race promised to be more closely contested and exciting than the other. Malcomb was decidedly the favorite in pool selling; Bill Forrest was next, with many enthusiastic backers; Redfoot last, in every respect.

FIRST HEAT.—In the start Bill Forrest had the inside, Malcomb next and Redfoot on the outside. In coming up for the first heat, Malcomb went gallantly to the front, Forrest was at his haunches and Redfoot in the rear. They went lapped around the turn. First quarter made in 29½ seconds. Going up the back stretch, Forrest challenged for the first position and closed up slightly, but it was no go by. Malcomb kept the lead; half mile made in 58; from there home Malcolm had it his own way; Forrest came in close after, Redfoot distanced. Time, 29:58—1:56.

SECOND HEAT.—Forrests friend's were still hopeful, and bets were rather freely offered and always accepted. Malcomb took the front by a length; when the turn was reached they lapped and passed the quarter post in fine style—time 27. Going up the back stretch Malcolmb shot ahead. The half mile was made in 56. Malcomb held his own easily two lengths ahead, winning the heat and race. Time, 27, 58, 1:56¼.

SUMMARY.

Second Race—Association Purse, $250—Mile Heats—Free for all.

R. A. Smith enters b h Malcomb, 6 years old, by Bonnie Scotland, dam Lady Lancaster.....1 1
F. Ewing enters ch m Bill Forrest, 5 years old, by Hiawatha, dam Prairie Flower by imp Sovereign.....2 2
J. Crossley enters b m Redfoot, 5 years old, by Reserve, dam by Sythian.....3 dis

Time, 1:56, 1:56¾.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The crowd was very large, and we noticed that the ladies' stand was filled with bright, fair faces. The best of order and good feeling prevailed, and nothing is visible to the ladies that could offend their delicacy or taste. The remainder of the week we expect to see many of the fair sex present.

The track was in fair condition, and by to-day will be in splendid order. One feature on the grounds which attracted much attention from sporting gentlemen was the cock pit. Some exciting sport took place, and much money changed hands. Some other games were going on in a quiet manner. The refreshment saloons are well kept and well patronized.

The following is the programme for Thursday, April 30th:

FOURTH DAY.

Association Purse, $300. Mile Heats—Three to five. Free for all.

Yancey & Greenfield, c. s. Transit (formerly Sandy Barns), four years old, by Black Wind, dam Prairie Flower, by imp. Sovereign. Dress—Green, orange and red.
E. Warwick b. h. Joe S. Johnston, six years old, by Gardenford, dam Judy, by imp. Sovereign. Dress—Red and blue, white sash.

SECOND RACE.

Association Purse, $250. Mile Heats—Free for all.

R. A. Smith b. h. Malcomb, six years old by imp. Bonnie Scotland, dam Lady Lancaster. Dress—White and blue.
Wm. Brady's br. h. Jack Gamble, Jr., five years old. Pedigree not known.
M. C. Costillo b. c. Seagull, three years old, by Bill Cheatham, dam Seamue by Childe Harold. Dress—White and green.
E. Semme ch. f. Neapolitan, four years old, by Australian, dam by Wagner. Dress—Blue and White.

In the pool selling at the Senate last night, Joe Johnston and Transit were nearly even, with the former a little the favorite. Malcomb sold as favorite in the second race against the field. Leaving him out, Gamble was favorite by large odds, Magazine and Seagull finding no bidders.

DARING OUTRAGE ON THE RALEIGH ROAD.—Late Tuesday night Mr. O'Neill, residing on the Raleigh road, four miles out, was awakened by two men entering his sleeping apartment. He was made aware of their presence by being struck in the face with a pistol. One of the robbers asked if he had any money. Mr. O'Neill replied in the negative. The ruffians retorted that this was a lie; that he had $1,500; adding that he must produce it, and if he or Mrs. O'Neill made any outcry they would be shot. They compelled Mr. and Mrs. O. to show them through the house, by made diligent search, but could find nothing, and left, carrying away a pair of new boots and two or three other articles. It happened that Mr. O'Neill did have $1,500, with which he intended to purchase a tract of land; but fearing robbers, hid it away in an old pair of pantaloons, under the wardrobe. The scoundrels had in some manner learned this. Mr. O'Neill brought the money to the city yesterday for safe keeping.

FIRE LAST NIGHT.—The alarm of fire last night was caused by the burning of a building on the corner of Monroe and Desoto streets, occupied as a retail grocery and residence by Mr. Fellman. The greater portion of the contents were consumed. The total loss will probably reach $4,000.

The largest stock and cheapest price clothing, gents' furnishing goods and boots and shoes, can be found at J. H. Loewenstine & Brothers, Clay building. tf

Remember, Hesse & Co's stock of damaged goods must be sold without regard to price or value, at 234 Main street. tf

Hosiery and handkerchiefs, a large stock, from bankrupt importer's sale, very cheap, at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 3t

The largest stock of mapseilles and pique in the city, at A. Seessel & Son's, 259 Main street. tf

Doors, Glass, Sash and Blinds can be bought low at B. K. Plain & Co.'s, 304 Second street. 1m

Fifty pieces linen lawns at a sacrifice. Were wet, but not damaged. [1w] RICH & ENGEL.

New style of prints at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 3t

Illusion waist, latest styles, at A. Seessel & Son's, 259 Main street. tf

Great bargains in lace points, from bankrupt importer's sale, at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 3t

THE COURTS.

LAW COURT.—*James O. Pierce, Judge.*—Yesterday the case of Rankin vs. Memphis and Cincinnati Packet company was called up for trial before E. J. Morgan, Special Judge, Judge Pierce being incompetent to try the case, by reason of interest, he being counsel of the plaintiff. The jury returned a verdict of judgment for the defendant. The suit was for the conversion of a lot of cotton sued in March, 1866, damages claimed at five hundred dollars.

Judge Pierce rendered a decision on yesterday in the contested election case of Donovan vs. Mathias—the contest being for the present possession of the office of Clerk of the Law Court of Memphis. Judge Pierce read a lengthy and exhaustive opinion, deciding the case against the present incumbent, Mr. Donovan, and in favor of the claimant under the late election, Mr. Mathias. Colonel Gantt, counsel of Mr. Donovan, moved the court for an appeal to the Supreme Court from the decision rendered above mentioned, which was refused by the court. Mr. Mathias will file his official bond to-day, and be inducted into office.

The case No. 1,726, the Tennessee National Bank vs. Fee and Andrews, was called up for trial. The suit was for some four thousand dollars, evidence by three promisory notes for that amount due by the defendants. The suit against Andrews, one of the defendants, was dismissed, he having filed his petition in bankruptcy, and R. J. Morgan acting Special Judge, deciding that under the provisions of the bankrupt law, the suit against Andrews should be dismissed. The jury returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for the sum of $5,032 62.

Judge Morgan also heard the case of Quigley *Lees* and Marley vs. Cochran. No defense. The jury returned a verdict in favor of plaintiffs for the sum of $351 55.

The cases set for trial on yesterday, and not disposed of, will be called up for trial to day.

The *habeas corpus* case of the State vs. Van Anderson, arising out of an alleged contempt of court, before Judge Hunter, was called up for hearing before Judge Pierce, at three o'clock p.m. on yesterday, pursuant to adjournment. Mr. Anderson was represented by Messrs. Bullock, Sale and Beecher.

The notice to Judge Hunter of the pending of this application was returned by the Sheriff endorsed, executed April 29, 1868, by making known the contents of the within to William Hunter, etc.

Judge Pierce stated that as it appeared that the notice had not been served to-day, he would prefer that the case be continued over to Thursday, (to-day) at three o'clock p.m. Mr. Bullock, counsel of petitioner, readily agreed to the proposition, and decided that Judge Hunter have sufficient time to appear by counsel should he see fit to do so. The continuance was so ordered, and Mr. Anderson remained under the same bonds to appear at that hour to day. It is not expected that Judge Hunter will make any appearance in the case by counsel, the only question in the case seeming to be whether Judge Hunter, acting as Magistrate, had the legal right to impose a penalty of ten days' imprisonment, while acting in his above capacity, or was he not restricted to a fine of ten dollars, as provided by the statute, with regard to contempts taking place before Magistrates. It seems to be admitted that a contempt was committed in the presence of the Court, Mr. Anderson having refused on his opinion of the court in quite forcible language, for reasons which he deemed perfectly satisfactory and justifiable, Judge Hunter resenting the language, as usual, by 'fit of ashmanic fit for ocsencing.

MUNICIPAL COURT.—*George W. Waldran, Judge.* The calendar of cases set for trial on yesterday was not called up for trial. The cases will be heard on Friday next. To-day motions of inquiry will be heard, also motions for new trials. Garnishees must answer to-day in open court, or judgment by default will be taken against them. The case of attachment for contempt against Sheriff Curry will be heard to-day at ten o'clock a. m. Sheriff Curry having elected to obey the written orders or instructions of Judge Hunter rather than the writs issuing from the Municipal Court in cases for petitions for *habeas corpus*, and having assumed to decide grave legal questions on the mere dictum of Judge Hunter, and refusing to enforce the writs issued by Judge Wickham, has placed himself in an unfortunate position. The Sheriff seems to be "under two flags," and to be like a "rose between two thorns" in the present conflict of jurisdiction on the subject of contempts.

BANKRUPTCY COURT—*T. J. Latham, Register.* A meeting of creditors was had in the cases of J. W. Abyington, E. Sanderlin, John M. Keating, R. C. Hite, E. R. Hart, F. M. Vinson, and an assignee appointed as provided by law.

Bonds or No Bonds.

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
MEMPHIS, April 30, 1868.

To the Tax Payers and Voters of Memphis: I desire every voter, to-day, to vote understandingly on the issuance of City Bonds, and I hope no one will feel that I am in any way whatever, directly or indirectly, to be interested more than any other citizen would be if our city credit was elevated to a cash basis, which cannot be done without funding a large portion of our due indebtedness.

We propose in funding the past due coupons and scrip to take them at their market value, the holder receiving our time bonds at current rates.

For example: For $100,000 of coupons, the market value being seventy cents on the dollar, we propose to give $140,000 city time bonds, (thirty years,) rating the bonds at fifty cents, which is at present the current price. Under this process the city will have to pay interest about nine per cent. per annum. It is mutually advantageous to the city and to the holder of city paper to fund the past due debt of the corporation.

The impression, among some of our citizens, that the bonds will be thrown upon the market wholesale, and sold at low rates for cash, and the proceeds applied to the payment of our outstanding scrip at par, has no foundation.

With, perhaps, the exception of the payment of our current expenses and our future accruing interest, the bonds will be used exclusively for funding purposes, and holders of city scrip and past due coupons will be expected and, I think, can be induced to fund on good term both for the city and themselves.

Our citizens are not in a condition at present to bear any additional taxation, and something must be done speedily to revive our city credit.

The bonds, in my opinion, is our only safe alternative, and unless they are voted all our past effort to restore your city credit will have been of no avail. Respectfully,

E. MCDAVITT, Mayor *pro tem.*

TO THE TAX PAYERS AND VOTERS OF MEMPHIS.

It is currently reported on the streets that the Board of Mayor and Aldermen intend to issue bonds having thirty years to run, at fifty cents on the dollar, to take up city scrip, which has been purchased by the holders at forty cents on the dollar. In other words, that the city, through her officials, proposes to double the present floating debt of the city, and pay interest semi-annually at six per cent. I undertake to say the city proposes no such thing. The authorities will not give to the holders of scrip one cent more than the scrip is worth, in bonds, at their current value. If the holders of scrip think they can do better than to take bonds at a fair valuation, they can avail themselves of the privilege. The idea that the city will voluntarily give scrip holders two dollars for one, in bonds bearing interest at twelve per cent, per annum, is simply ridiculous. If the citizens are not willing to authorize the issuance of the bonds, the only alternative left the Board of Mayor and Aldermen is to levy a special tax immediately, and collect the amount necessary to pay off our July coupon interest, which they have the right to do by an act of the Legislature passed at its last session, authorizing the Board of Mayor and Aldermen to levy a special tax, and enforce its collection in thirty days, to pay the semi-annual coupon interest due by the city. If the authority is given the Board of Mayor and Aldermen to issue bonds, they will be released of the necessity of levying a special tax to pay our July interest, which is about fifty-four thousand dollars, which is no small sum to collect off of the people in the present stringent condition of the monetary affairs of the country. It would certainly be better to submit to a sacrifice of a small portion of our bonds than to force the money from the people at this time. The city may be able to hypothecate her bonds, and raise the amount required for immediate use; but without the bonds taxation is inevitable. I hope the good sense of the people will be evidenced by voting in favor of the issuance of the bonds. It does not follow that the bonds will be sold at a sacrifice, if a fair valuation cannot be obtained. The known ability and integrity of the Mayor and Aldermen of the city, I think, is a good guarantee to the property holders that the bonds will not be sacrificed, but that they will be managed and disposed of judiciously.

Respectfully,
R. D. BAUGH, City Controller.

One thousand hats, from fifty cents to one dollar. RICH & ENGEL,
1w 203 Main street, Webster Block.

Lace points, from bankrupt importer's sale, at less than gold prices, at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 3t

Remember, Hesse & Co's stock of damaged goods must be sold without regard to price or value, at 234 Main street. tf

The largest stock and cheapest price clothing, gents' furnishing goods and boots and shoes, can be found at J. H. Loewenstine & Brothers, Clay building. tf

Hosiery and handkerchiefs, a large stock, from bankrupt importer's sale, very cheap, at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 3t

The largest stock of mapseilles and pique in the city, at A. Seessel & Son's, 259 Main street. tf

Doors, Glass, Sash and Blinds can be bought low at B. K. Plain & Co.'s, 304 Second street. 1m

Fifty pieces linen lawns at a sacrifice. Were wet, but not damaged. [1w] RICH & ENGEL.

New style of prints at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 3t

Illusion waist, latest styles, at A. Seessel & Son's, 259 Main street. tf

Great bargains in lace points, from bankrupt importer's sale, at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 3t

MASONIC RELIEF BENEFIT TO-MORROW NIGHT.—We have little doubt that the benefit of the Masonic Relief Fund at the New Memphis Theater to-morrow night will attract one of the largest audiences of the season. The members of the Masonic fraternity, and their families, who will doubtless wish to attend, are sufficiently numerous to fill a building of twice its capacity, and it will not speak well for them if they fail to liberally respond to the call upon them. The proceedings of the entertainment will be applied to the fund set apart for the relief of the families of indigent or deceased Masons. It is a true charity. Subjoined is the programme. The evening will commence with the splendid comedy of *The Serious Family*, with the following cast:

"SERIOUS FAMILY."

Charles Torrens.....Paul Y Wright
Captain Murphy Maguire.....Jack Horne
Frank Vincent.....W. J. McKeon
Amin dab Sleek.....Leo Leubrie
Servant.....R. Foster
Lady Sowerby Creamly.....Miss Eva Rousseau
Mrs. Charles Torrens.....Miss Irene Jenkins
Emma Torrens.....Miss Katie Worsham
Mrs. Ormsby Delmaine.....Mrs. C. D. Steinkuhl
Grasau.....Mi s Zue Fussell

Recitations—By Eugene Lehman, Dave Leubrie and W. J. McKeon.
Song—By Miss Fussell.
Dance—Miss Katie Worsham.

The names in the cast are well known and of themselves sufficient to attract a large audience. Seats can be secured at the box office to-morrow.

Prints "that are prints," 10 cents; nice linen lawns, 35 cents; beautiful grenadines, 35 cents. J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., 231 Main street. tf

New lace points, from bankrupt importer's sale, at less than gold prices, at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 3t

Just received, a large stock of lace points, by A. Seessel & Son. 1w

Prints "that are prints," 10 cents; ladies' fine white Lisle thread hose, 50 cents; gents' best British half hose, 50 cents. J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., Clay building. tf

We will sell our damaged stock regardless of cost or value. Hesse & Co, 234 Main street. tf

Great bargains in goods from bankrupt importer's sale, at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 3t

Second large arrival of fancy dress goods, by A Seessel & Son. 1w

We will sell our damaged stock regardless of cost or value. Hesse & Co, 234 Main street. tf

Lonsdale cambric, very low, by the piece, at A. Seessel & Son's; 259 Main street. tf

We will sell our damaged stock regardless of cost or value. Hesse & Co, 234 Main street. tf

Miles' shoes, at A. Seessel & Son's, 259 Main street. tf

Alexandre's kids, new shades, just received at A. Seessel & Son's. tf

BUSINESS NOTICES.

A cough, a cold or a sore throat requires immediate attention and should be checked. If allowed to continue, irritation of the lungs, a permanent throat disease or consumption is often the result. Brown's Bronchial Troches, having a direct influence to the parts, give immediate relief. For bronchitis, asthma, catarrh, consumption, and throat diseases, Troches are used with always good success. Singers and public speakers use them to clear and strengthen the voice. Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Troches," and do not take any of the worthless imitations that may be offered. Sold everywhere. redim

DR. JAMES.—His appointed time in Memphis having terminated, he will in future be addressed at his home office, Nos. 21 and 22 Randolph street, Chicago, Illinois. Read his card in another column. ap19

A STAR AMONG THE METEORS.—Trashy scents are flashed upon the public, only to pass into oblivion with meteor-like swiftness; meanwhile the star perfume of the Western world, PHALON'S "FLOR DE MAYO," has reached the zenith of public favor, and remains there with no rival near the throne. Sold by all druggists.

RIVER NEWS.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
THURSDAY, April 30.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

Gleaner.....ARKANSAS RIVER.....5 p.m.
Marble City.....ST. LOUIS.....5 p.m.

BUSINESS—WEATHER—RIVERS.

Weather clear and pleasant. The river here, under the influence of the heavy rains, was rising slowly yesterday, and rose one-half inch in the past twenty-four hours. The Cumberland river was rising at Nashville on Monday, with eighteen feet water on Harpeth shoals. At St. Louis and Cairo the river is still declining, at the rate of six inches in every twenty-four hours. The Ohio is falling from Pittsburg to Cairo, with eight feet in the canal, and six and a half feet on the falls. The Arkansas was rising at Little Rock yesterday, with a splendid ten foot rise above there. White river, at last accounts, was stationary, with a good stage of water in the river.

ARRIVALS.

Steamer Norman, Louisville.
" Richmond, Louisville.
" Louisiana, Louisville.
" Minnesota, Cincinnati.
" Frank Pargoud, New Orleans.
" Alps (towboat), New Orleans.
" Commonwealth, St. Louis.
" Marble City, St. Louis.
" Tempest, White river.
" Victor No. 2, Haile's Point.
" Princess, St. Louis.
" Natoma, Friar's Point.

DEPARTURES.

Steamer Richmond, New Orleans.
" Louisiana, New Orleans.
" Frank Pargoud, New Orleans.
" Tempest, Louisville.
" Silver Moon, Cincinnati.
" Commonwealth, New Orleans.
" Victor No. 2, Haile's Point.
" Alps (towboat), Pittsburg.
" Princess, Little Rock.

BOATS IN PORT.

Gleaner, Minneola, Marble City, Natoma and Norman.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Business in river circles continues to rule dull, with no improvement in freights. The river commenced swelling again yesterday, and is over its banks in some places in the bends where the levees are broken.

The Commonwealth and Louisiana passed yesterday at noon for New Orleans, well freighted. The Commonwealth added here two hundred and fifty bales of cotton.

The Silver Moon cleared for Cincinnati last evening with six hundred bales of cotton and fifty tons of miscellaneous freight. Her state rooms were well filled with passengers. Her trip was considered a good one for the times.

The tow boat Alps passed up yesterday for Pittsburg.

The Government snag boat S. H. Long, of which we gave a description some two weeks ago, left yesterday for the Arkansas river, where she will do good service. Captain John Newcomb, her commander, informed us that he would commence at Douglas' landing to remove the snags, and work from there to the mouth until low water season. Then he will commence operations between Napoleon and this point. On her way down the Ohio she removed a large and dangerous snag at Wabashas Island. She has powerful machinery, and can do effective service. Letters or packages will reach the S. H. Long by sending them to the care of Larry Harmstad, at this point.

The Natoma, Capt. in James Lee, came in from Friar's Point last night, with a fair trip, and her hands, and raise the amount required for immediate use; but without the bonds taxation is inevitable. I hope the good sense of the people will be evidenced by voting in favor of the issuance of the bonds. It does not follow that the bonds will be sold at a sacrifice, if a fair valuation cannot be obtained. The known ability and integrity of the Mayor and Aldermen of the city, I think, is a good guarantee to the property holders that the bonds will not be sacrificed, but that they will be managed and disposed of judiciously.

The Marble City, Captain Conway, leaves the wharf to-day, at seven p.m., for Cairo and St. Louis.

The Princess passed down last evening from St. Louis for the Arkansas river.

The magnificent low pressure Richmond came gallantly into port yesterday noon, and added considerable freight, with numerous passengers, here, leaving at five in the evening for New Orleans. Mr. Silverthorn, of the Evansville *Journal*, was among the passengers. Efforts were made to persuade him ashore, to initiate him into the mysteries of the Ku-Kluz, at their den under the bluff, but without success. His family accompanied him, and he feared to leave their protecting folds. We hope he will not be so timid when he reaches the latitudes of magnolia and orange blossoms, and that a few rides on the "shell," with a dinner or two of green peas, soft shell crabs and strawberry ices, with a *glace biscuit* for two, will produce an exhilarating effect upon him. The Richmond had a full list of passengers. She enters the Memphis and New Orleans trade as a regular packet at the commencement of the fall business season.

The Des Arc has undergone a thorough overhauling. She leaves to-morrow for Napoleon, making semi-weekly trips, and extending the Monday trip as far as Greenville. Captain John Elliott is in command, Billy Miller and Cad Hanks in the office. A packet is much needed in the trade where the Des Arc draws plying it, and it is to be hoped every effort will be made to sustain her.

The village of Pine Bluff, Arkansas, boasts of native talent in the fine arts. A Mr. Anderson, whose fancy seems to incline to nautical scenes, has been amusing himself by pencilling scenes on the raging Mississippi, ship-wrecks and river disasters. Among other things he has lately drawn a picture representing Larry Harmstad's wharf-boat during a heavy storm. Captain Larry is seen standing gallantly on deck, holding fast to a guy rope, giving directions to his crew, after the fashion of a regular salt. Mr. Anderson promised to do something that will make a name for himself at some future period.

The Gleaner leaves this evening for Pine Bluff and Little Rock, in charge of Captain Harrison Blaisdell, with Garret Hula and Sam. Woods in the office. The Gleaner is acknowledged the queen of the Arkansas fleet, and affords all the comforts, conveniences and attentions that it is possible to enjoy.

The steamer Louisville ran into the bank, during a heavy fog on her last down trip, twelve miles below Baton Rouge. A leak was sprung, and two hundred tons of freight thrown overboard. She repaired at New Orleans in time to leave as advertised.

The river is falling five inches every twenty-four hours at Cairo; the seepage water had formed several ponds at various places within the town, upon which the inhabitants were practicing the art of navigation. Cairo is a delightful place, and the natives are supposed to be amphibious; some are said to be web-footed.

The Minneola, Captain Miller, arrived from Cincinnati yesterday and leaves on Friday for a return trip.

The Darling left Cincinnati last evening for Memphis, and the Alice Dean and Westmoreland was to have left for New Orleans.

The Bath, P. W. Strader and Olive Branch are due from New Orleans.

The Norman arrived from Louisville yesterday, bound for White river.

The Frank Pargoud cleared for New Orleans with a light trip. A passenger on her on the up trip was robbed of fifteen hundred dollars in greenbacks and a gold watch. The thieves with their booty got off at Helena.

The Pauline Carroll is due this evening from St. Louis.

The Liberty No. 2 is the regular Saturday White river mail packet.

The Des Aro, which is as handsome in her new dress as a pink, commences on Friday to make weekly trips in the bends trade, leaving at five p.m. for Napoleon, Beulah and all points in the bends.

A break occurred in the levee of the Ducros plantation, below New Orleans, on Sunday last. An acre of the levee had been carried away, and the crevasse was a sweeping every thing before it. At last accounts there was a prospect of stopping its ravages before serious damage is done.

The Mississippi Valley Transportation Company has closed its contract to transport one thousand seven hundred bushels of wheat, in bulk, from St. Louis via New Orleans to Liverpool. The rate of freight is twelve cents per bushel to New Orleans, and twelve pence thence to Liverpool—about thirty-six cents total. The grain is to be transferred from barges to sea-going vessel at New Orleans by means of an elevator. This is a new enterprise never before tried, and is the venture of some half dozen enterprising St. Louis merchants.

The John Kilgour is due to-morrow, bound for New Orleans.

MONETARY.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
THURSDAY, April 30, 1868.

Business in financial circles remains quiet, with little spirit exhibited in the money market. The market is working easier. The banks report a full supply of currency. Exchange is in fair supply, with the rates unchanged.

GOLD—In New York opened at 130¾, and closed at 130¾. The market here was quiet, with dealers offering 138, and selling over the counter at 139½@140.

SILVER—Buying at 128@129 and selling at 130@131.

CITY SCRIP—The market continues firm, with an increased demand from tax payers. The bond question has been agitated by delinquent tax payers, and their opposition is based upon the idea that the issuance of the new bonds is for the benefit of holders of scrip, which is not the case. The City Council design to influence the bonds, to raise money to pay the July interest and meet pressing debts. Dealers were offering 65@66c, and holding at 67@68c.

COUNTY WARRANTS—Dull and nominal, buying at 57@58c, and selling at 60c.

POLICE SCRIP—Steady, buying at 83@84, and selling at 86@87.

COMMERCIAL.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
THURSDAY, April 30,

DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE

EDITED, PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY

M. C. GALLAWAY & CO.

AVALANCHE BUILDING,

Memphis, Tennessee.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

FOR 1868, FROM APRIL 1.

DAILY—One copy, each month	$ 1 00
" One copy, per year	12 00
" Five copies, per year	50 00
" Ten copies, per year	90 00
WEEKLY—One copy, each month	25
" One copy, three months	1 00
" One copy, per year	4 00
" Five copies, per year	15 00
" Ten copies, per year	25 00

One extra copy sent to the getter up of a club of ten. Specimen copies sent free.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

For one square, of eight lines or less, $1 00
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Another Notice, 10 cents per line, each insertion.

SQUARES.	ONE WEEK.	TWO WEEKS.	THREE WEEKS.	ONE MONTH.	2 MONTHS.	3 MONTHS.	SIX MONTHS.	TWELVE MONTHS.	ONE MONTH.
1	$5 00	$8 00	$ 11 00	$ 15 00	12	$ 60	$ 100	$ 160	$ 25 00
2	8 00	12 00	16 00	20 00	13	64 00	104 00	168 00	30 00
3	9 00	15 00	18 00	25 00	14	68 00	108 00	176 00	35 00
4	12 00	18 00	22 00	30 00	15	72 00	112 00	184 00	40 00
5	15 00	21 00	25 00	35 00	16	76 00	116 00	192 00	45 00
6	18 00	24 00	28 00	40 00	17	80 00	120 00	200 00	50 00
7	20 00	26 00	30 00	45 00	18	84 00	124 00	208 00	55 00
8	22 00	28 00	32 00	50 00	19	88 00	128 00	216 00	60 00
9	24 00	30 00	34 00	55 00	20	92 00	132 00	224 00	65 00
10	26 00	32 00	36 00	60 00	21	96 00	136 00	232 00	70 00
11	28 00	34 00	38 00	65 00	22	100 00	140 00	240 00	75 00
12	30 00	36 00	40 00	70 00	23	104 00	144 00	248 00	80 00

Advertisements for three months same proportion, less ten per cent; six months same proportion, less twenty per cent.

THE PRIZE RING.

Mill Between Keating and Hollywood, at Covington, Kentucky.

Keating's Arm Broken in the Third Round.

COVINGTON, KENTUCKY, April 27.—As early as half-past five o'clock there were people at the foot of Fifth street, Cincinnati, and at the opposite point on this shore, looking anxiously for the expected boat. At seven o'clock about one hundred and fifty assembled on this side, when a whistle was heard up the river, and the towboat Uncle Sam appeared, having a large covered barge in tow. Parties appeared with the ropes and stakes, which were taken on board, when the party got on board. There were over a hundred and fifty people on the boat; the scarcity of five dollar notes, the price of passage, among the class who delight in prize fights, accounting for the small number. The boat, at about nine o'clock, received the cheers of a lot of newsboys assembled on the bank, and a volley of stones from several boys and men who had not the required five dollars, and, therefore, couldn't get aboard. One man particularly threw off his coat and threw stones at the barge with rapidity and vigor for a time, driving the passengers under cover. Some one discharged three barrels of a revolver at him, when he retreated. It was a very orderly crowd indeed; very few of the lower order of roughs being on board. The newspapers were all represented by reporters, and there was a fair proportion of respectable citizens of Cincinnati, Covington and Newport. The managers were greatly disappointed, anticipating a crowd of eight hundred or a thousand people. The excursion was a failure so far as money was concerned, hardly enough being taken to pay expenses. A number of hacks and buggies, containing people, drove down the road, keeping along with the boat, not knowing where the fight was to take place. A steam yacht and several row-boats went down, and a crowd of boys took it on foot. As we were approaching the Buckeye House, a party was seen on the Kentucky side signalling with a pocket handkerchief; they proved to be Hollywood and his trainer, Bob Smith, of Birmingham, England, who were taken on board. Hollywood was looking carefully. At Taylorsport, Kentucky, we took on Keating and his trainer, Pat Lanjan, the men who selected the ground, and several others. Keating appeared to be in splendid condition, with capital spirits. Everything passed off quietly during the passage, although the beer kegs were put under frequent contributions. The day was splendid and clear; neither too warm nor too cold. There was much speculating as to the issue of the fight, and but little betting. It was considered by many that Hollywood was in the best condition, as his face was more free from flesh than Keating's. The boat landed on the Kentucky shore, at a point just above the mouth of the Big Miami, about twenty miles below Covington, at eleven o'clock, and the party proceeded to the summit of a high bluff overlooking the Ohio, where the stakes were quickly set, and the ring formed. Keating's seconds were Tom Ryan, of Newport, and Jim Bayton, of Covington. Hollywood's seconds were Bob Smith, of England, and Barney France, of Covington.

At twelve o'clock Hollywood threw his hat into the ring, which was quickly followed by Keating's castor. The choice of ground was won by Hollywood. Billy Lewis, of Cincinnati, for Hollywood, and Jack Conley for Keating. Keating's colors, red, white and blue, and sunburst in the center; Hollywood's colors, bird's eye handkerchief, with pink border. Both men stripped splendidly, and each appeared confident and cheerful. After shaking hands the men went to their corners, and at the call of time stepped promptly to the scratch, closely watched by their seconds. Time was called at twenty-five minutes past twelve.

First round—Sparring for an opening; Hollywood cautious. Cry of open the ball for Murdock, with a claim of first blood; a struggle and Hollywood borne upon his knees to the ropes, both struck with the left; first blood and a draw. Time three minutes.

Second round—Hollywood cool, cautious, and on the defensive. Hollywood in his corner; Keating forcing the fight. Keating put in a left hand one on the body of Hollywood, after a struggle Hollywood down on his knees. Time 11 minutes.

Third round—The sparring was cautious; both struck, Hollywood putting in a left-hander. Several blows were struck, when Hollywood dropped and Keating fell on him. Keating here found that his wrist was broken, and when time was called he was unable to come to the scratch. This ended the fight.

Great sympathy is felt for Keating, and Hollywood headed a subscription for his benefit, putting down $100, and others followed with liberal sums.

General John A McClernand and Mr. E. L. Merritt have addressed a brief circular to the Illinois Democracy, urging them to perfect their organization in every ward, city, township and county. They say: "Every consideration of patriotism and public duty calls upon us to be up and doing. Let 'organization and action' be our watchwords and our firm resolve."

FREIGHT NOTICE TO MERCHANTS

SAVE INSURANCE!

All Rail Route via Memphis and Charleston Railroad and Connections,

BETWEEN New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Memphis, Tennessee, and the great Southwest, Leaving at Freight at Quicker Time! Shorter Distance! And as Low Rates as by any other line. All claims for loss or damage promptly settled at points of delivery. For further information apply to

A. J. LOWE, Agent at Depot.

C. S. SAWYER, General Agent, 170 Main street, or W. J. ROSS, General Superintendent, Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

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ST. LOUIS MUTUAL LIFE Insurance Company.

HOME OFFICE, No. 513 Olive Street, ST. LOUIS.

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Assets, Jan'y 1, 1868, over $2,500,000

Issues Policies on ALL THE MOST APPROVED NON-FORFEITING PLANS, on as good terms as any Company.

No Restrictions upon Acclimated Persons, or to RESIDENCE or TRAVEL.

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AGENCY OFFICE IN MEMPHIS—No. 43 Madison street, KR McMAHON & OTIS,
State Agents for West Tennessee, Mississippi, Arkansas and North Louisiana.
OTIS, H. McMAHON
jal8

Mississippi Valley Branch OF THE KNICKERBOCKER Mutual Life Insurance Company At Memphis, Tenn.,

Office No. 18 Knickerbocker Building.

Assets, : : : : $3,500,000

Policies Issued at this Office on all the popular plans, and the General Business transacted on the same terms as with the Home Office of the Company.

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MEDICAL EXAMINERS:

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FRANK RICE, M.D.

MANAGERS:

S. R. CLARKE & CO.
ja19

DE SOTO Insurance and Trust Company O MEMPHIS,

Office in Company's Building, No. 42 Madison Street.

CAPITAL, : : : : $300,000

Board of Directors:

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W. G. GALBREATH, W. B. GALLOWAY
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WM. M. FARRINGTON, President.
J. C. LONSDALE, Secretary.

This Company Insures against loss by Fire, Marine and River risks.
feb19

HERNANDO INSURANCE COMPANY

No. 17 Madison Street.

THIS Company is now doing a general Insurance business. Its stock is owned by our citizens, and solicits our patronage. Its aim is to do a safe local business—to the advantage of both the Company and the Policy Holder.

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ALBANY COTTON GIN MANUFACTURING CO., ALBANY, NEW YORK.

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

Agricultural Machinery and Implements of the Most Approved Kinds & Patterns in Use.

MOON & GEOGHEGAN.

Cotton Factors & Commission Merchants

252 Front Street, Memphis,

AGENTS.

They keep on hand and for sale in their warehouse:
The "Star" Cotton Gin and Condenser,
Hand Gin and Condenser,
Power Gin and Condenser,
Hand Gin, with Condenser
Power Gin, with Condenser,
Hand Gin, without Condenser,
Power Gin, without Condenser
Cotton Cultivator or Scraper and Chopper, (Foster's Patent,)
"Star" Railway Horse Power,
"Star" Lever or Sweep Horse Power,
"Star" Thresher and Cleaner (Winnower) Combined,
"Star" Thresher and Cleaner,
Horse Power, with Thresher and Separator,
Dog or Sheep Power,
Portable Wood Sawing Machinery,
Vegetable Cutters.

PLANTERS and DEALERS will do well to call and examine.
mh29

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE SALE

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, EIGHTH DISTRICT TENNESSEE, MEMPHIS, April 21, 1868.

ON the FIFTH DAY OF MAY, 1868, I will sell, in front of the Internal Revenue Office, No. 15 Madison street, the following described property:

House and Lot 279 Second Street,

One Lot on North Side of Beale Street,

Fifty-five feet west of Lauderdale street, forty-five feet front and one hundred and fifty deep.

One Lot, one mile east of city of Memphis,

Beginning at northeast corner of lot 15, in subdivision C, in partition of estate of A. R. Carr, at a stake in Pigeon Roost road, 16 links from a poplar marked C; south 36 chains 81 north 89° west 7 chains and 84 links to F. Monsoon's line; north 36 chains 81 links to Pigeon Roost road; south 87° east 7 chains and 79 links to beginning—fourteen acres.

Also, one Lot on east side Thornton avenue,

Formerly owned by Phil. Garvin, and sold by him to John Unger; stretches said avenue 141 feet 4 inches on the line between William Cobine's line and said lot.

The above property seized as belonging to J. H. Waggoner for 1866, and his income tax thereon for the years of 1865, 1866. Said sale positive, unless taxes, penalties, interest and costs are paid before the day of sale.

ROLFE S. SAUNDERS, Collector Internal Revenue, Eighth District Tennessee.

By JOHN MARTIN Deputy Collector.
april

SEEDS.

R. D. WARD & CO., WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Field and Garden Seeds

232 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

Clover Seed,
Timothy Seed,
Millett Seed,
Stock Peas,
Herd Grass,
Hungarian,
Blue Grass,
Orchard Grass,
Goober Peas,
Black Oats,
Garden and Agricultural Implements,
Goodrich Potatoes,
Seed Grain of all kinds,
Onion Sets.
mh28

R. G. CRAIG & CO., SEEDSMEN,

379 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

JUST RECEIVED,

Hungarian Grass Seed, AT CRAIG'S SEED STORE.
Seed Buckwheat, AT CRAIG'S SEED STORE.
Stock Peas, AT CRAIG'S SEED STORE.
Grain Cradles and Grain Scythes, AT CRAIG'S SEED STORE.
Goodell's Harrows and Moon Horse Hoe, AT CRAIG'S SEED STORE.
Lime, Plaster and Cement, AT CRAIG'S SEED STORE.
Superphosphate and Land Plaster, AT CRAIG'S SEED STORE.
379 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.
apr19

BANKS.

S. H. TOBEY, Pres't. E. C. KIRK, Cashier.

Memphis City SAVINGS INSTITUTION

CORNER OF Jefferson and Front Streets,

MEMPHIS, : : : : : : : TENNESSEE.

TRANSACT A General Banking Business,

RECEIVE Deposits and deals in Gold, Silver, Exchange, Government Securities and Uncurrent Money.

Collections PROMPTLY Attended to.
apr19

MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK OF MEMPHIS,

No. 8 Jefferson Street.

Paid in Capital - - - - - $300,000
Authorized Capital - - $1,000,000

W. H. CHERRY, President. A. T. LACEY, Vice-President.

S. J. PEEKHAN, Cashier

FOR SALE.

For Sale.

COTTAGE HOUSE AND LOT AT RALEIGH SPRINGS. House contains five rooms, kitchen and storehouse; woodhouse, house for gardner, chicken-house and all necessary outbuildings. Lot embraces one and one half acres of ground, well set with fruit trees, vines, &c. Has a good garden spot, well fenced with fine vegetables and fruit growing. Property beautifully located and very desirable. For particulars inquire of

H. R. GOODLETT, Citizens' Bank.
apr22

For Sale Cheap.

A SUPERIOR Thirty-six Horse Power STATIONARY ENGINE AND BOILER, complete, as good as new; cost $2,500. Will sell same for $1,200. Call at 36 Madison street and see it in RUNNING ORDER.

L. H. MERRITT, Ass't Sup't Southwestern Freight and Cattle Union Press Co.
mh29

The Mineral Springs -AT- RALEIGH, TENNESSEE

FOR SALE!

THE CELEBRATED RALEIGH MINERAL SPRINGS, situated on the confines of Raleigh, late County Seat of Shelby county, Tennessee, nine miles northeast of Memphis, and two miles from Wells' Station, on the Memphis and Louisville Railroad. These springs are six in number, of various mineral and medicinal qualities, and are visited every Summer by thousands of seekers of health and pleasure, from all quarters of the country. They are within a few steps of the village of Raleigh, in a beautiful valley, and also within a few hundred feet of Wolf river, which winds around the base of the eminence on which the village of Raleigh is situated, and empties into the "Father of Waters" at Memphis. Numerous remarkable cures of various diseases have been experienced by sojourners at this health-inspiring retreat, and the present proprietor, Colonel J. M. Coleman, can produce hundreds of certificates of cures in cases which had been entirely given over medical skill. The ground surrounding the Springs, and in fact the entire village of Raleigh, rises to an eminence of pure air, and is an remarkable for its healthfulness as beauty of location. The Springs are in fine order, never failing, and are designated as follows:

MARBLE SPRING.
BOX SPRING.
MAGNOLIA SPRING.
ARSENIC SPRING.
SULPHUR SPRING.
FREESTONE SPRING.

The place has never been visited by epidemic of any kind, and peculiarly characteristic of its healthfulness is the longevity of the inhabitants. The oldest citizens of Shelby county are residents of Raleigh.

The Springs are as much resorted to by pleasure seekers as by invalids, owing to beauty of scenery and various artificial as well as natural attractions. Connected with the Springs are a Pavilion, Ladies' Bowling Alley, Rustic Arbors, Reading Saloon, Gents' Bowling Alley, Saloon, Billiard Room, Gymnasiums, Refreshment Tables, etc., while Wolf river affords excellent Boating and Fishing.

An analysis of the several Springs, by distinguished medical men, shows that they are unsurpassed in mineral and curative properties by any in the United States. There is no reason then why Raleigh should not become as famous as Saratoga, Sharon or Lebanon, and as largely patronized. It needs only capital and enterprise to accomplish this end.

The elegant country mansion house and lot, residence of Colonel J. M. Coleman, is within a few yards of the Springs. The house is in first class order, contains ten rooms, and is beautifully embowered in shrubbery. The lot is well fenced and ornamented with fine shade and fruit trees, and affords all necessary outhouses, cisterns, etc. It is midway between the village and Spring Valley, on the main promenade.

For terms address,

ANDREW J. KELLAR, Avalanche Building, Memphis, Tenn.
apr7

FOR SALE.

1,000 bales No. 1 Timothy Hay,
1,000 barrels Louisville Hydraulic Cement,
250 barrels Celebrated Missouri Magnolia Mills Flour,
100 barrels Extra Family Flour, National Mills,
300 bags Corn,
250 boxes Cheese,

Just Received and Cheap for Cash.

JOHN K. MOODY & CO., 208 Front Street.
mh29

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DAN ABLE & CO Successors of Hatch & Able and Hatch, Maurice & Co.,

DEALERS IN Foreign and Domestic Liquors, ALCOHOL, Proof Spirits and High Wines, No. 218 Walnut Street.
ap1

SMITH & LEECH, N. 342 Second Street, Opposite Greenlaw Opera House,

RECTIFIERS and Wholesale Dealers in BOURBON, RYE and MORISON COUNTY WHISKIES, and PROOF SPIRITS.

Our grades will compare, equal or superior to same line of goods in this or any other market.
mh17

A CARD.

To my Friends & Public Generally.

MY Stock having been released, I am now prepared to fill all orders in my line.

D. H. EVANS,

IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Wines, Liquors & Cigars

324 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.
apr14

BOOKS & STATIONERY

BOOKS.

Law Books, School Books, Novels,

And a Fine Stock of Stationery at

C. C. CLEAVES & CO.'S,

No. 317 Second Street, Corner of Monroe.
ap18

RAILROADS.

Quickest Route East IS BY THE Memphis & Louisville Railroad Line

Only 59 Hours and 55 Minutes to New York, 20 1-2 Hours to Louisville, 14 3-4 Hours to Nashville, and 21 1-2 Hours to St. Louis.

DOUBLE DAILY TRAINS CONTINUED

BOTH Trains making direct Through Connections to all Eastern Cities, an advantage offered by no other route from Memphis.

Commencing Monday, April 27, 1868,

Trains will leave Memphis as follows:

7:00 A.M., Morning Express } and { 4:00 P.M., Night Express

The 7:00 a.m. Morning Express reaches Louisville at 4:30 a.m.; Indianapolis at 10 a.m.; Cincinnati at 12 noon, and New York at 4:30 p.m., the next day, 7 hours and 40 minutes in advance of any train leaving Memphis the same day by other routes, and with one night less railroad travel.

The 4 p.m. Night Express arrives at Louisville at 12:30 p.m.; Nashville at 9:45 a.m.; St. Louis at 1:40 p.m., the next day. Eastern passengers taking this Train have choice of routes from Louisville either by the Jeffersonville Railroad via Cincinnati or Indianapolis, or the United States Mail Line Steamers via Cincinnati, reaching New York, the second morning eleven hours and fifteen minutes in advance of passengers taking night train from Memphis by any other route, and with one night less railroad travel.

Through Tickets at Reduced Rates

Can be procured at the

Company's Office, 237 1-2 Main Street

CORNER OF JEFFERSON.

Or at Depot head of Main street; also, at Overton Hotel, and of LARRY HAMMSTAD & Co., corner Main and Madison streets.

Baggage Checked at Depot or by the Memphis City Transfer Company; at Hotels, Private Residences, or on board boats arriving at Memphis to all principal Eastern Cities.

ASA S. JONES, Superintendent,
ASA HILL, Passenger Agent.
apr28

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE

Memphis and Charleston Railroad

Double Daily Trains Resumed

THE Short Route and Quick Time to NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE and WASHINGTON CITY.

53 hours and 15 minutes to Washington.
63 hours and 37 minutes to New York.

Quick Time and Close Connections via DECATUR and NASHVILLE to LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI and ALL POINTS NORTH AND WEST.

15 hours and 15 minutes to Nashville.

TRAINS WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Two Daily Trains.

Through Mail Leaves Memphis	12:45 p m
Through Mail Arrives at Memphis	8:00 p.m
Through Express Leaves Memphis	8.00 p.m
Through Express Arrives at Memphis	12:45 p.m

The Through Express does not leave Saturdays or arrive Sundays.

Making close connections at Grand Junction, Corinth, Decatur, Stevenson and Chattanooga for all points South, East and North. Shortest and Quickest Route to Chattanooga, Knoxville, Atlanta, Augusta, Macon, Charleston, Savannah, Columbus, Ga., and Montgomery, Ala.

The 12:45 P. M. is the Fast Through Train

For all points East and North, and stops ONLY at Collierville, Lafayette, Moscow, Lagrange, Grand Junction, Pocahontas, Corinth, Burnsville, Iuka, Tuscumbia, Jonesboro, Courtland, Trinity, Decatur, Huntsville, Bellefonte and Stevenson.

Passengers for any other station on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad MUST take this train.

This Train connects at Grand Junction with Trains both ways on the Mississippi Central Railroad.

A Train leaves Memphis at 6:00 a.m., and connects at Corinth with train on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad going South at 3:35 p.m., to Mobile, etc.

Somerville Accommodation leaves at	5:00 p.m
Somerville Accommodation arrives at	8:35 p.m

Fare to all points as low as by any other route.

For tickets, apply at No. 278 Main street, corner South Court; at Overton Hotel, and Memphis and Charleston Depot. Baggage Checked Through to all Points.

W. J. ROSS, General Superintendent.
mh11

AGENTS WANTED FOR The Official History of the War

Its Causes, Character, Conduct and Results.

By HON. ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS.

ITS ready sale, combined with an increased commission, makes it the best subscription book ever published.

An Agent in Boston, Ms., reports 72 subscribers in one day. Another in Boston, 101 subscribers in four days.

Send for Circulars and see our terms, and we will fix subscription the world.

Address, National Publishing Co., St. Louis, Mo. ap14w

Cash Store.

Harrison Flour,
Stonewall Flour,
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FINNIE & BUCKHAM,
Main Street, between Madison and Monroe.

Sugars—Cut, Crushed, Powdered, Coffee and Common.
Coffee—Rio, Java, Laguyra, Ceylon & African.
Syrup—Very fine, by the gallon and in five gallon kegs.
Soap—Put up in half boxes for family use.
Starch—In quarter boxes; nice size for a family.

All delivered free of drayage, guaranteed good and as cheap as the best article sold, and exchanged a little cheaper. FOR CASH ONLY.

FINNIE & BUCKHAM, 305 Main Street.
apr28

LEGAL.

Attachment Suit.

W. P. Wright and Alva N. Wilcox vs. John Hilliard.

AFFIDAVIT for attachment having been made in this cause in open court of session this of the Court of Tennessee, and an attachment having been issued and returned by the proper officer, levied, etc., on the property of the defendant; it is therefore ordered, that said defendant appear at my office in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on or before the first day of May, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to said suit, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him and the case set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche, a copy—Attest.

AUGUSTUS ALSTON, By BENJ. COLMAN, Deputy C. & M. Clerk and Master.
mh17

Attachment Notice.

W. P. Wright vs. John Hilliard.

THE defendant in the above satisfied cause will take notice that an attachment has been sued out against him, upon the grounds that he is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, and returned by the proper officer, levied, etc.; and that the case is set for hearing at my office in the city of Memphis, on the 25th day of May, 1868, at ten o'clock a.m., when and where he can appear and defend said action, or else the case will be proceeded with ex parte: and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four weeks in the Memphis Daily Avalanche.

JAMES HALL, J. P.
apr21

Administratrix's Notice.

LETTERS of administration upon the estate of David James son, deceased, having been granted to me by the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, at the April term, 1868, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to pay such indebtedness to me, and I hereby notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them, properly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.

LOUISA JAMESON, Administratrix of David Jameson, deceased.
apr22

Trustee's Sale.

Valuable Mississippi River Plantation for Sale.

BY virtue of a deed of trust made to me as trustee on the 7th day of December, 1865, by R. T. Harrell, and which is duly registered in the Register's office of Tipton county, Tennessee, in Record book P, pages 184 and 185, to which reference is here made, and in pursuance of the terms thereof, and in pursuance to a decree of the Chancery court of Memphis, entered March 27, 1868, in the cause of R. T. Harrell vs. Susan Brown et al., I will,

On Friday, the 8th day of May, 1868,

Proceed to sell between the hours of eleven o'clock a.m. and 12 o'clock m., at public auction, in front of the Postoffice in Memphis, Tennessee, to the highest bidder for cash the following real estate, described in said trust deed as follows: A certain tract of land situate, lying and being in the county of Tipton and State of Tennessee, situate on the banks of the Mississippi river, adjoining the lands of John Trigg on the north, John and K. S. Allan on the west, and Potter's land on the east, and Samuel Benson's on the south, containing six hundred acres, it being the tract of land sold by Susan Brown to R. T. Harrell on the 15th of December, 1865; said deed of trust also conveys with the land all cattle and hogs, corn and cotton crops on the place, and all farming utensils and mechanics' tools, which will also be sold at the same time. There is a comfortable dwelling house, also other outhouses and buildings on the place, and is known as the plantation formerly belonging to Bedford Brown, Esq. The sale will be positive, as it is made for the payment of a balance due on the purchase price.

Equity of redemption is waived. The title to said property is believed to be undisputed, but I will only sell and convey as trustee.

E. L. BELCHER.

For more particular information apply to BENCHER & BELCHER, Attorneys, Irving Block.
apr7

No. 2276—M. R. B.—In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee—Insolvent and Creditor's Notice—John Malum, Administrator, de bonis non, of the estate of James H. Markham, deceased, vs. John H. Holland and wife et al.

IN this cause the insolvency of the estate of James H. Markham, deceased, has been suggested, the creditors thereof made parties defendant to this suit, whose names and places of residence are unknown, and an order entered directing publication to be made; it is therefore ordered, that they make their appearance herein at the Court House in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday in June, 1868, and file and establish their claims against said estate, or the same will be forever barred and the cause set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of the order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest. AUGUSTUS ALSTON, Clerk and Master.
By BENJ. COLMAN, Deputy C. & M.
mh7

Administrator's Settlement in County Court of Shelby County.

To the Heirs and Creditors of E. Stephenson, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have filed my settlement of the estate of said E. Stephenson, deceased, with the Clerk of said County, and that I will apply for confirmation of said settlement at the May term, 1868, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday of said month in the Court House in the city of Memphis.

April 7, 1868. J. W. DICKEY, Administrator.
Printer paid $6 00. apr9

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of administration upon the estate of William Haney, deceased, having been granted to me by the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, at the March term, 1868, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to pay such indebtedness to me, and I hereby notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them, properly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.

R. W. BROOKS, Administrator of Wm. Haney, deceased.
mh28

Administratrix's Settlement in the County Court of Shelby County.

To the Heirs and Creditors of Watt C. Bradford, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have filed my annual and final settlement of the estate of Watt C. Bradford, deceased, with the Clerk of said Court, and that I will apply for confirmation of said settlement at the May term, 1868, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday of said month in the Court House in the city of Memphis.

C. A. SCHAFER, Administratrix.
apr7

Trustee's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a deed of trust executed by H. D. Sherman to the undersigned, as trustee, to secure the payment of a note for the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000), payable to H. L. Kean, dated Memphis, November 16, 1867, duly recorded in the Register's office of Shelby county, State of Tennessee, in Record book No. 62, page 60, to which reference is hereby made, I will on

Thursday, the 30th day of April, 1868,

At the late residence of H. D. Sherman, situated in Shelby county, about nine (9) miles from the city of Memphis, near the Lucas Lake road, proceed to sell, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m. and four p.m., to the highest bidder for cash, at public outcry, the following described property, to-wit: [illegible] set forth in said deed of trust, for the payment of the debt therein mentioned, to-wit: Eight (8) stock of cattle, two (2) mules, one (1) horse, seven (7) milch cows, one (1) spring wagon and one (1) ox wagon.

H. GAMMON, Trustee.
mr31

Guardian's Settlement in County Court of Shelby County.

To the Friends and Creditors of W. T. Donelson.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have filed my settlement of the estate of W. T. Donelson with the Clerk of said Court, and that I will apply for confirmation of said settlement at the May term, 1868, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday of said month in the Court House in the city of Memphis.

Filed April 7, 1868. S. A. WILSON, Guardian.
Printer paid $6 00. apr9

Guardian's Settlement in County Court of Shelby County.

To the Friends and Creditors of Heirs of Wm. F. Allen, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I have filed my settlement of the estate of the said Heirs with the Clerk of said Court, and that I will apply for confirmation of said settlement at the May term, 1868, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday of said month in the Court House in the city of Memphis.

Filed April 4, 1868. MARY C. ALLEN, Guardian.
Printer paid $6 00. apr9

Trustee's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a deed of trust to me executed and delivered on the 24th day of August, 1867, by T. J. Reasonover, and duly noted on page 570, 571 and 572 of Record Book No 61, in the Register's office of Shelby county; therefore, to secure the indebtedness therein described, I shall,

On Thursday, the 7th day of May, 1868,

In front of the Greenlaw Block, at the door of the Chancery Court room, between the hours of ten a.m. and four p.m., sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real estate, to-wit: A one-sixth interest in three acres of land bought by F. M. Brewster of Mrs. Rachel Ingraham, executrix, and S. R. Ragland, executor, of N. Ingram, deceased, which said deed is on record in the Register's office of Shelby county, in Record Book, part second, pages 38, 39 and 41, and is therein described as lot No. 8, and the interest therein conveyed is the same conveyed to said Brewster by Thornton J. Beasonover on the 24th of March, 1857, which deed is recorded in book No. 50, part first, pages 384 and 385, Mo. 1, 1857, and to which reference is made for description of meets and bounds. The equity of redemption is waived; the title believed to be good, but I convey only as Trustee.

JOHN R. REASONOVER, Trustee.
apr1

Attachment Notice.

R. A. Fruden vs. J. C. Gay. Before Michael Foley, J. P.

THE defendant in the above-entitled cause will take notice that an attachment has been sued out against him, upon the grounds that he is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, and returned by the proper officer, levied, etc.; and that the case is set for hearing at my office in the city of Memphis, on the 16th day of May, 1868, at ten o'clock a.m., when and where he can appear and defend said action, or the case will be proceeded with ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four weeks in the Memphis Daily Avalanche.

MICHAEL FOLEY, J. P.
apr17

Creditor's Notice.

No. 2485—N. B. D.—In the Chancery Court of Memphis—W. N. Wheeler et al. vs. The Franklin Insurance Banking Company et al.

IN this cause, upon motion and in conformity to the prayer of the bill, it is ordered by the Court that all persons claiming to be creditors or having any character of demands against the "Franklin Insurance and Banking Company of Memphis," do immediately come into this Court and have themselves made parties to this suit, and file their claims with the Clerk and Master, with proper evidences of the same, that they may severally recover their ratable share of the assets of said Company, to be distributed in the cause; and that a copy of this order be published in the Memphis Daily Avalanche for three (3) months from this date. March 31, 1868.

A copy—Attest. AUGUSTUS ALSTON, Clerk and Master.
By H. J. BLACK, Deputy C. & M.
ESTES, JACKSON, McDAVITT and E. BURKE FICKEY, Sols.
mh31

Attachment Notice.

William Veney and L. T. Cartwright, partners in trade, firm and style of Veney & Cartwright, vs. B. Cates.

AFFIDAVIT for attachment having been made in this case in pursuance of section 2656 of the Code of Tennessee, and attachment having been issued and returned by the proper officer levied, etc., on the property of the defendant, B. Cates; it is therefore ordered, that said defendant appear at my office, in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the 25th day of May, 1868, at 10 o'clock a.m., and defend this suit, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him and the case set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

JAMES HALL, J. P.
apr28

Attachment Notice.

O. Woolridge, M. Woolridge and A. J. Pollock, partners in trade, firm name of Woolridge & Co., vs. Mrs. D. F. Lorance.

AFFIDAVIT for attachment having been made in this case in pursuance of section 2656 of the Code of Tennessee, and attachment having been issued and returned by the proper officer "levied etc." on the property of the defendant, Mrs. D. F. Lorance; it is therefore ordered, that said defendant appear at my office, in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the 25th day of May, 1868, at 10 o'clock a.m., and defend this suit, or the same will be taken for confessed as to her and the case set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

JAMES HALL, J. P.
apr28

Attachment Notice.

J. C. Holst, G. H. Holst and J. W. Holst, partners in trade, firm name of J. C. Holst & Co., vs. Mrs. D. F. Lorance as administratrix of D. F. Lorance, deceased.

AFFIDAVIT for attachment having been made in this case in pursuance of section 2656 of the Code of Tennessee, and attachment having been issued and returned by the proper officer, levied, etc., on the property of the defendant, Mrs. D. F. Lorance; it is therefore ordered, that said defendant appear at my office, in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the 25th day of May, 1868, at 10 o'clock a.m., and defend this suit, or the same will be taken for confessed as to her and the case set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four consec